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In buying that brings best results. We have been careful to secure only the best, and promise you a "carefulness" in regard to style, quality and price.

Some Winter Values That Are Extra Good.

Fine quality Kersey Jacks, strap seams, double breasted, trimmed with four large pearl buttons, notch collar, and made in this season's latest style, lined throughout, at

\$12.00

An exclusive assortment of tailor-made jackets, made of kersey cloths, handsome linings, no two garments alike, price

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At the Dress Goods Counter.

Finest quality Scotch Suitings, 50 inches wide, regular price \$1.25, now at only \$1.00 yard.

Novelty Dress Goods and Fancy Mixtures, regular value \$1.00, choice now 75c yard.

See our assortment of high grade Black Dress Goods.

SAMUEL CULLY & CO.

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We Lead

Let those follow who can. Four (4) of a kind all leaders.

Deerfoot Sausage.
Blue Point Oysters in glass.
5th Avenue Moca and Java Coffee 32c 1b.
Princess Coffee, a delicious blend, 25c 1b.
5 lbs \$1.

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Telephone 220.

I have a
Double tenement house,
Well located,
For sale at
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Large lot.
A. S. Alford,
90 MAIN STREET.

Quinces and Sweet Apples
At 19 Eagle Street.

Quinces 35c a peck.
Good assortment of Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, White Nectarines, Prunes, Etc.
We sell a fine line of Confectionery.
Lowrey's best Chocolates 50c a pound.
Kibby Bros' best assorted Chocolates 50c a pound.
Fine Mixed Candy 20c a pound.
Fresh Molasses, finest, 20c a pound.
We sell the genuine Almond Macaroons for tea parties.
Pekins and Almond Nuts, both fresh and salted.
Shaker Bread, at

19 Eagle Street.
Telephone 28-5.

H. A. Sherman,

SPAIN MAY REFUSE.

French Idea That Philip-pines Will Not Be Given Up

The Situation Regarded as Con-fusing. Cabinet Waits For News Before Acting.

SITUATION CONFUSING.

French Have No Idea That Spain Will Cede Philippines.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The French papers have derived their news of the work of the peace commissions from Spanish sources, therefore the morning papers are interesting as indicating the atmosphere of Spanish quarters and the trend of French views. The press today confuse the situation. The Matin says it is well understood that the cession of Porto Rico was tantamount to the payment of a war indemnity in cash and that it entirely freed Spain from any subsequent repetition of the subject. The Gaulois says "The Spaniards will never agree to abandon the Philippine archipelago without compensation and we believe the Americans intend to suggest that they will assume the Philippine debt. We hope the negotiations will not be broken but Spain would take such a course rather than submit to the humiliation of such terms."

Must Wait Till Friday.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The cabinet meeting today devoted most of its attention to consideration of affairs in Cuba and Porto Rico. The administrative feature of the Philippine question also received some attention. Nothing has been heard from the commission in Paris as to yesterday's proceedings, and it is realized that nothing is to be expected in the way of developments until Friday's session.

The Conference in Detail.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The American peace commissioners, each of them carrying a portfolio containing records and personal memoranda, left their headquarters in the Continental hotel for the meeting with the Spanish commissioners at the foreign office shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The health of the president of the Spanish commission, Mr. Rios, had improved to the extent of enabling him to attend the meeting.

The Americans were removing their wraps when the Spaniards entered the ante-room, and polite and cordial greetings were exchanged. The two groups, comingling, passed through the grand salon and entered the conference chamber. Secretary Moore, upon the request of Judge Day, passed to Mr. Ferguson, the interpreter, the formulated demands of the United States regarding the Philippines, which were read to the Spaniards in their own tongue by a rapid reader from the English, in which they were written. Although the Spanish commissioners did not betray any anxiety their attention to the reading was keen. They had anticipated that the United States would take over the islands; but the terms and details of the transfer had all along been a subject of speculation.

The reading disclosed the fact that the United States government had determined to possess for itself certain territory and parcels of land bounded by and lying within such parallels of latitude and longitude as marked the limits of the Philippine archipelago. The United States do not purpose assuming the Philippine debt of \$40,000,000, but they are willing to be responsible to Spain for a sum of money equal to the actual expenditures by Spain in the Philippines for the advantage of the islands and for the good of their people, for permanent betterments and for improvements both physical and mental.

The reading of the presentment specifies that the United States will reimburse Spain to the extent of her "pacific expenditures" made in the archipelago. This phrase "pacific expenditures" is employed to differentiate the expenditures by Spain in combating insurrections in the Philippines. The one is felt by the American commissioners to be a fair burden upon the acquiring power; while the other, and latter class of expenditures, is held to have been logically assumed by Spain as the inevitable hazard to a nation resorting to arms to enforce order in its own territory. Such is the determinative, and therefore, the vital portion of the presentment made by the American commissioners; and it is to be observed that, while the main proposition as to possession and financial responsibility is clear and definite, many details have been left to the developments of the discussion between the two commissions. Thus, while the Spaniards are quite certain that the United States intend to reimburse them for "pacific expenditures," they remark that they are not enlightened as to whether the Americans expect to endorse the Spanish obligations to the extent of "pacific expenditures" in the archipelago or whether they will hand Spain a lump sum of gold large enough to cover Spain's outlay so designated. Possibly the American commis-

sioners are not at this moment fully determined on this point. It is unlikely, however, that the Americans will care to become identified in the slightest degree with Spain in her responsibility to her creditors. The clearer method seems to be to hand to Spain spot cash, or something as good, and to bid her apply it on her debts by whatever name known, or to put it in her wallet for whatever use she may elect.

While the United States have designated "pacific expenditures" as those they will reimburse to Spain, the presentment of the American commissioners did not demand either a schedule or an inventory of the same from the Spaniards. But the suggestion naturally raises an inquiry as to the kind and quantity of Spain's "pacific expenditures" in the Philippines; and some light may be given on that matter now.

Possible "Pacific Expenditures." There is considerable traffic between the islands, and some time ago a system of lighthouses became necessary. Spain set out to supply this and projected 48 light stations. Of these she has already constructed 17 of the first-class and 16 of the second. What they cost is not yet known here, but in American waters those of the first-class cost from \$25,000 to \$50,000 each; so that, on an average basis of the minimum cost in the United States, Spain's 32 light-houses may represent an outlay of \$325,000.

Spain has constructed breakwaters at Manila, at an expense not yet known here, and wharves of small value along the Pasig river. She has recently built barracks for 4000 men, now occupied by American troops, the cost of which is not yet ascertainable. At Cavite Spain had built a naval station, which, before it was sacked by the natives, was said to be equal to the Mare Island station, and may, then, have been worth \$2,500,000. Whether or not the last two items can be strictly designated "pacific expenditures" must be determined in conference, but the light-houses, water improvements, barracks and naval station are necessary to the United States as the owner of the Philippines and are deemed worth a fair price. Spain has also built some schoolhouses, which the American are willing to take over at cost.

The Spanish commissioners listened attentively, though not without some evidences of impatience and surprise at the financial suggestions in the American presentment, and finally asked until Friday to consult the Madrid government and make reply.

Adjournment was then taken to that day. After the conference dissolved the Spanish commissioners expressed the opinion that the American demands would create in Spain, as they had upon her commissioners, an exceedingly grave impression. Were the Spanish commissioners pushed to a final determination at once they would reject the American demands, but the changing tone of the Spanish press recently urges the consummation of a treaty of peace, however rigorous, the argument being that, although the Spaniards bow to the American demands, the commissioners do not acknowledge the justice or admit the legality of them.

The Spanish commissioners now feel that the United States, to all intents and purposes, have not offered any financial inducement to Spain to cede by treaty any part of the Philippines. Had the American commissioners even offered to take over the entire Philippine debt of \$40,000,000 the Spaniards affect to feel that it would have been as nothing, and they regard yesterday's propositions as so meagre as not to warrant even a schedule of Spain's "pacific expenditures" in the archipelago.

Newspapers Suppressed.

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 1.—Pekin dispatches say that in obedience to an order of the Empress Dowager the publication of newspapers and periodicals in various parts of China has been prohibited and editors severely punished.

Feeble Insurance Decision.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 1.—Insurance companies doing a life business in Canada agree hereafter not to accept risks on the lives of married women unless they happen to be the brand winners of families or independent of husbands. This decision was reached with a view of lessening the crime of murder for insurance money.

In Our Next Possession.

Madrid, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from the Visayas group of the Philippine island says several companies of native troops there have rebelled. They were armed and several of them were killed. The governor of Visayas expressed the hope that the rebellion would not spread.

4.30.

ARMY CHANGES.

Must Be Greatly Increased to Furnish Troops For Occupation.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The reorganization of the army with a view to securing one adequate for the new possessions of the United States will be subject to recommendations by the President to congress, embodying his views and the views of those in a position to give him the very best advice. It is probable that he will recommend an increase in the army of something like 75,000 to 100,000 men. There has been some talk also of using for garrison duty two companies or battalions of natives to each regiment doing garrison duty in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

It is believed by this method a considerable portion of the restless population of the islands and especially those who have been bearing arms in the insurgent or Spanish armies could be kept quiet and law abiding.

Men who enlist in the regular army hereafter will understand that they are likely to be called upon at any time to go out of the country for long periods. It is believed the demands which have been made upon senators and representatives for the muster out of the volunteer regiments and the discharge of volunteers in regiments which remained in service, has been so great that they will be convinced that a regular army for garrison duty in the new possessions is an absolute necessity.

Troops For Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 1.—There has been no change in the plans of the war department respecting sending troops to Cuba. No date has ever been fixed when the troops shall ever depart. The only thing determined upon is that Cuba shall pass into the possession of the United States January 1. The death of Colonel Waring has not changed the plans of the department in any way.

The war department does not wish to have any conflict with Spanish troops as to the occupation of towns and therefore desire to send United States troops into Cuba only a short time before the Spaniards evacuate.

A Big Thank Offering.

Springfield, Nov. 1.—The members of the Methodist Episcopal church will be asked within a short time to contribute \$20,000,000 for a "Twentieth century thank offering" fund. It will be devoted to the charitable and educational institutions now maintained by the Methodist church and will be the grandest contribution any organization has ever undertaken for the benefit of human kind.

Dread Yellow Fever.

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 1.—The Mexican officials report four deaths from yellow fever at Monterey, Sunday. Entire families are known to be stricken and business is paralyzed.

Railroad Magnate Dead.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—John F. Phillips, treasurer of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad is dead. He was born at Brattleboro, Vermont, and had been connected with the road for 20 years.

To Have New Risk.

New Britain, Conn., Nov. 1.—At a meeting of National league polo magnates held in this city, W. H. Harris of Bridgeport relinquished his franchise for that city, and it was later transferred to the Bridgeport Polo and Amusement company, represented by Thomas E. Guest of Waterbury. It was stated that Frank Serice of Boston would manage the club, and that a new rink would be built. An application for a franchise in Fall River was received, but it was placed on file. President Morse was chosen to represent the league in the national board of directors.

"Pernicious" Only.

Washington, Nov. 1.—It is definitely announced by the civil service commission that the evidence taken in the recent investigation of charges against the federal officials at Richmond shows that while there was much to be deplored in the facts brought out there was no evidence of violation of the civil service laws or rules. The preliminary report states that the participation of officials in the political gatherings was a violation of the Cleveland order regarding "pernicious political activity," but that that matter does not come within the civil service law.

Detective Gives It Up.

Bucksport, Me., Nov. 1.—The case of Sarah Ware, who disappeared from her home Sept. 16, and whose dead body, with a crushed skull, was found in a lonely pasture two weeks later, is still unsolved. Detective Odell of Lewiston, who was employed by the town, after three weeks of hard work has voluntarily abandoned the case. Neither the place, weapon, motive or murderer has been established, or any definite clue connecting any person with the crime discovered.

LOCAL NEWS.

CROSBY WILL SPEAK

French Taxpayers Association Plans a Campaign Rally Thursday Night.

FULLER OPPOSITION ON PARADE.

Candidate Chase Also to Speak. Action of Franco-American Club in Same Direction, But Club Not Acting With Taxpayers.

A rally in the interest of the democratic county candidate has been planned by the French taxpayers association for Thursday evening in this city. It will be held in Odd Fellows hall, and will include a speech by John Crosby, democratic candidate for sheriff, and W. H. Chase, candidate for county commissioner. The announcement that Mr. Crosby is to speak will be a surprise to most, as it was not known that he was to take the platform in this campaign. The meeting is intended primarily for French voters, whom the taxpayers' association hopes to influence by this means.

The Franco-American club has nothing to do with the arrangements for the meeting, although their action in endorsing Mr. Crosby for sheriff is in accordance with the position of the taxpayers' association. The Franco-American club has put itself on record as opposed to Mr. Fuller and as a supporter of Mr. Crosby, which action has all along been informally understood. The leaders of the club openly assert that it was not on account of Mr. Crosby's fitness for office that they intend to support him, but they claim that a promise made by Sheriff Fuller was not kept, and that after the number of times they have been fooled by various politicians, it is time they publicly resent it. It is not expected that the decision of the clubs will make much difference in the vote of the county, inasmuch as some of the leaders in the club, as individuals, a number of them will support Mr. Fuller, but they wish to go on record as opposed to unkept promises.

INSURANCE MEN COMING.

Will Finish the Work of Estimating Risks at Once.

The Northern Berkshire committee of the New England insurance exchange, which was here some time ago in consultation with the local agents and city officials on the matter of lower fire rates, is expected in this city this evening to begin the work of inspecting risks. The committee will inspect all the risks, of which a list has been prepared for them by the local men, and will refile the rates.

This work will probably take several days, as all the risks affected in Adams and Williamstown as well as this city will have to be inspected. After this work is completed a new book of rates will be published and sent to the local agents, so that the new and lower rates will go into effect in a short time.

Reception to Company M.

When the members of Company M passed through Pittsfield en route to Springfield, where they will be mustered out, Thursday morning, they will be given a reception such as was accorded the various regiments which passed through Pittsfield on their way to the front. Mayor Whiting has the matter in hand and although no definite program has been arranged it is likely the members of Company M will be given to understand that Pittsfield has by no means forgotten the prominent part the boys of Berkshire took in the recent war.

The non-commissioned staff of the Second regiment will have a dinner at the Worthy in Springfield Thursday evening.

Slight Fire in Adams.

There was an alarm of fire in Adams at 11:45 this morning for a blaze in the stack of the boiler house of Berkshire mill No. 3. The blaze was entirely confined to the chimney, and was not an unusual occurrence for big chimneys. It was extinguished from the top, and work in the mill was not stopped.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—There is every indication of a big house for the production of Rice's great show "The Girl from Paris" at the Wilson theater this evening. As one of the biggest plays on the road, it should be welcomed heartily.

Are of Votes.

Hartford, Nov. 1.—Republican primaries were held in each ward in this city last night. A large vote was polled and the result is the election of between 60 and 70 Hawley delegates out of a total of 83. This insures the nomination of a senator and two representatives from this city to the general assembly who will vote for Hawley for United States senator to succeed himself.

Hanna's Opinion.

Cleveland, Nov. 1.—Senator M. A. Hanna, discussing the probable result of the coming state elections said yesterday: "I am of the opinion that there will be a slight falling off in the Republican majority in Ohio from last year's figures. The reports from the state committees are very favorable, however, and I am sure that the party will be victorious in this state."

Two Overcoats That'll Be Winners.

One a light covert cloth, cut short, full back with lap seams, made with all the style of a \$10 coat and at least \$15 worth of quality, but the price is only \$10.

The other a handsome black Kersey. Italian lining, deep French facings, just the right length, we are proud of it at \$12.

Good coats at \$5 and \$7.50 and extra fine silk lined ones at \$20 and \$25. This is not a one class store. Goods for everybody at the right prices.

Cutting & Co.

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY.
Small Shoes For Little Chaps.
Strong Shoes For Sturdy Boys.
Stylish Shoes For Their Fathers.
Dainty Shoes For Little Girls and Misses.
Elegant Shoes For Their Mothers.
Good Shoes, Low Prices For Every One.

MURDOCK'S, Formerly The Wm. Martin Shoe Store
10 STATE ST., North Adams, Mass.

DRUG STORES Are Not All the Same.

We make the above statement because we have so many new patrons every day who have just learned of our modern business method. We cannot please every body, it would be useless to try. We have no display to ply patrons with the cheap commodity known as "soft soap" (you will have no chance for that) but we let our goods and prices stand on their own merits. We guarantee everything as represented and perfect satisfaction to everyone.

PLEASE SAVE THIS LIST FOR REFERENCE.

Pinkham's Compound,	68c	Faine's Ovary Compound,	68c
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	68c	Broth's Hygiene,	68c
Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,	68c	Silliman's Elixir,	68c
Nutt's Kidney Remedy,	68c	Wheat Elixir,	68c
Dr. Hart's King of Remedies,	68c	Saline, plain,	68c
Dr. Thomas' Nervine,	68c	" with Cocoa Wine,	68c
Baker's Elixer,	68c	" Cod Liver Oil,	68c
Brown's Sarsaparilla,	68c	" Cascara Sagra-La,	68c
Allen's,	68c	" Hypophosphites,	68c
Scott's,	68c	" Peppines,	68c
Dana's,	68c	" Peppin,	68c
Baker's,	68c	" Peppin and Pancreatin,	68c
Loonim's,	68c	Caster's (genuine) Charles H. Fletch's,	68c
Lippman's P. P. P.,	68c	Castoria (imitation) Penn. Phar Co.,	68c
Paritans,	68c		
Greene's Nervura,	68c		

All Others at 20 per cent discount.

JOHN H. C. PRATT,

The Pioneer Cut Price Druggist.
30 Main Street, Opposite State St.

Peter Schuyler "Perfectos"

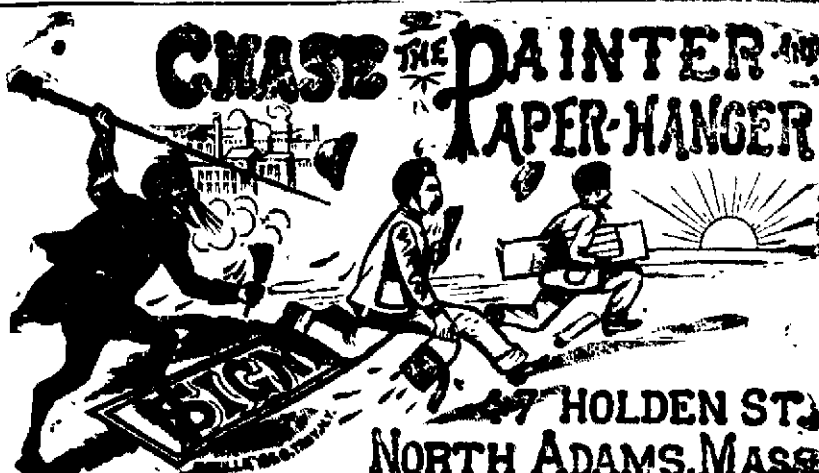
\$70.00 PER 1000 10¢ STRAIGHT.
G. W. VAN SLUNE & HORTON, MANUFACTURERS ALBANY, N. Y.

P. J. BOLAND

Tailor. Importer.

Our large line of Foreign and Domestic wools for fall and winter wear is now ready for your inspection. An early inspection will be advantageous to you as the line is now complete. A new line of fancy vestings just received which are very smart.

Boland Block, Main and Bank Sts



If you need anything in the Painting or Paper Hanging line, call and see me. I can and will save you money and guarantee my work.

HOLDEN ST. NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

WILLIAMSTOWN

Prominent Men Visit in Town—Hose Company Appointments—Thefts Should be Promptly Reported.

HOSE COMPANY APPOINTMENTS.

At a meeting of Gale Hose company Monday evening Chief Engineer Pease appointed men to take charge of the chemical cart as follows: Foreman, Harry Fitzgerald; first assistant, Fred Chamberlain; second assistant, Edward Staves. The cart, fully equipped with chemical extinguishers, is now in the hose room and ready for use. It is a valuable addition to the apparatus of the fire department, which is one of the best equipped and most efficient to be found in any town of this size.

An alarm going to be placed in Chief Pease's room in Mrs. Southworth's house has been received and will soon be placed in position and connected with the fire alarm.

PROMINENT MEN VISIT IN TOWN.

Walter T. Owen of New York, a member of the well known architectural firm of Renwick, Aspinwall & Owen, returned home Monday night after spending a few days in town as the guest of J. W. Bullock. Mr. Owen designed the water tower built at the Cold Spring last summer by Mr. Bullock, and it is pronounced one of the prettiest and most artistic in this part of the state. Mr. Owen was accompanied on this visit by F. E. Moore, vice-president of the Erie Railroad, who was the guest of Col. A. L. Hopkins while here and who returned to New York with Mr. Owen Monday night.

SHOULD REPORT PROMPTLY.

The officers state that they have been placed at a disadvantage in their hunt for thieves in several cases by the slowness with which the thefts have been reported. The other day a man reported the loss of a harness to Sheriff Richards, and when the sheriff asked him when it was taken he was told that it was about three weeks before. Any officer would stand a poor chance for success on so cold a trail. No time should be lost in reporting a case where the services of an officer are desired in tracing a thief.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lansing, who were married at Bridgeport, Conn., October 18, arrived home Saturday night. On their wedding tour they visited Brooklyn, N. Y., Newark, N. J., and Waterbury and New Haven, Conn. Daniel Crowley, who is employed as a railroad man in Westfield, is moving his family to that town from Mr. Hall's house on Hall street. Conductor F. A. Crowley is moving into the house vacated by Mr. Crowley.

Alfred Fortune, Napoleon Hebert, Henry Royal, N. J. Baron and A. J. Bordeau attended the Franco-American meeting in North Adams Sunday as delegates of the local club. The delegates took dinner at Perrault's on Main street.

Edwin Middlebrooks spent Sunday in Pittsfield with his brother, C. Middlebrooks.

The Pushers are to play a game of football in Bennington, Vt., Thanksgiving day with a Bennington team. The mud has been scraped off the streets in places during the last few days. Opposite Welch's blacksmith shop on Water street a quantity of mud was used to build a sidewalk and the people who travel that way were somewhat alarmed until the walk thus constructed was covered with cinders.

A reception will be given at the Congregational church in South Williams town next Saturday evening to Mr. Douglas of Williams college, who is at present supplying the pulpit.

Mr. Whitcup, who works for F. C. Markham, is having his driving horse hauled for the first time by Foyett. Louis Miller, whose neck was badly hurt in a football game at Adams Saturday, is doing well under the care of Dr. Hull and will probably suffer no permanent injury.

Landlord Savage, who at one time talked of closing the Idlewild during the winter, has decided to keep the house open, and the usual number of sleighing parties will undoubtedly be entertained.

A GLIMPSE OF ITALY.

STRANGE WAYS OF DOING THINGS IN THAT SUNNY LAND.

A Peculiar Custom Which Would Bother an American—A Roman Funeral is a Strange and Startling Sight to a Stranger.

An old adage says, "When in Rome, do as the Romans do," but it is a question whether the average American tourist ever learns the customs of the Romans. Even people who have lived in the Eternal City fail to observe many of the traits and ways of the Romans in their daily life. An Englishman who was an old resident of Rome was put to shame by an American schoolteacher of 23 who asked him if he knew why they chopped so little wood in Italy. He had taken upon himself the office of general dispenser of information among the guests, and not being willing to confess ignorance, he blurted out: "Ah, yes; I saw they must be the want of wood and the smallness of the hax."

But the young woman—and she came from New York city—explained to him that the reason was that they saved most of the wood to show the guests how the Italians hold the saw between their heels and knees and draw the log across the teeth. These are little things, but they go to make up a people's personality and are curious facts for foreigners.

When one vehicle passes another in Italy, the driver keeps to the left. The pedestrians act in the same way. Some foreigners go through Italy from Naples to Milan and at the end wonder why it was that the Italians persisted in getting into their cars from the right side.

The native Roman eats two meals a day, one, the colazione, or breakfast, at noon; the other, the pranzo, or dinner, from 7 to 9 in the evening. Black coffee is a favorite drink among the women at the cafes, but it is seldom used. It costs usually 10 cents a cup. Italian bread is made without salt, which is under a heavy tax and is classed with tobacco and stamps. Wherever one is sold there also you may purchase the other two commodities.

As for the owners of bicycles, they have a hard time. Each rider must take out a license for his machine. He can ride on either wheel but his own and should be permitted his brother to use his wheel without a license the authorities would seize and retain the machine until a heavy fine was paid.

Another peculiar custom is the way in which an Italian will beckon with his hand. In America people wave the hand toward them when they desire a person's approach. In Italy it is just the opposite. When an Italian waves a goodbye to you with his hand, you imagine he is calling you back and if he waves his hand in another motion with his hand as Americans do in making a gesture of repulsion.

In New York there are morning and evening papers with a liberal outflow of extras between. In Italy the papers reach the public about 9 o'clock at night.

About every school door when classes for the day have been finished you will see a gathering of men and women. These are the parents, who come to carry home the books of their children.

When the family wash is ready, the mother carries the basket of clothes on her head to the public washhouse, ready for action. Every one lives the queen. She is very devout and every now and then steals from her palace dressed in plain black and mingles with the worshippers in the churches. As for the king—well, that is another story.

Bananas and peanuts are never seen in Italy. As for hand organs and the festive monkey, they are seldom seen in the city streets. A peasant from the mountains brings in vegetables to sell to the city folk and stands at the gate before he can enter the walls. At the first sign of snow Italian schoolboys have a holiday.

There are a great many suicides in Rome, and the favorite way is to throw oneself over the Pincian wall or to go to the Suicide bridge over on the Alban hills and leap from it on to the rocks 300 feet below. And when a person has thus ended his life the natives think it proper to cut a small cross on the spot where he or she plunged to death. As many as 11 houses have been closed in as many years, and the bridge is rather long.

To refuse a pinch of snuff is a grievous insult. To walk in the sunlight is to class yourself with dogs and barbarians. To enter a shop and to walk out without making a purchase is to call down upon your head the wrath of an Italian tongue, whose superlative curses would make a New York truckman green with envy.

The reason of this is that the windows of the store contain everything in stock with marked prices, and the shopkeeper bates no talk unless there is a sale in prospect at the end. He may have done nothing but sit and daze for an hour before you enter, and he may do nothing else after you leave, but should you fail to buy he considers himself the most abused man in the city, whose time is lost upon fools in general.

It is not always the native guide that is the best. One day at the Church of St. Peter in Rome a party of American schoolboys were watching the crowds come and go when a warthy faced man approached and asked for the nearest Italian if they wished a guide. On the spur of the moment one of them answered him in Greek. The fellow gave them a keen look; then, with a broad grin and a still broader brow, he said:

"Arahi! Now, what are ye givin' me? Sure, I know ye are Americans, an' I's mesel' tha's Pat Bannigan!" And that man could tell you more about Rome in five minutes than a native could in a month.

One grows careless in traveling, and many things slip the memory, but there is one thing that it takes months to get accustomed to—a Roman funeral. Of all sights a burial procession in Italy is the strangest. It startles a man to turn a corner and to come suddenly into a gloomy street where the yellow glare of funeral torches throws grotesque shadows along the house walls. There is a quick glitter of caskets, a low wail from the mourners, a measured tread of white robes, chanting priests, a snail of incense hanging in the hot air, and behind it all rises a great high altar in black, and along its top lies the coffin. Flowers are piled around the dead, and following the hearse is a crowd of mourners, jostling one another as they meet in the narrow passageways. It is a sight that is apt to come to a man in his sleep, and the dreams that follow it are not always the most pleasant.—New York Sun.

An Old French Custom.

Before the revolution in France it was customary when a gentleman was invited to dinner for him to send his servant with his knife, fork and spoon, or if he had no servant he carried them with him in his breeches pocket.

She Remonstrated.

"Mrs. Small," said the lodger to his landlady, "I thought you didn't allow smoking in the parlor?"

"I don't," replied Mrs. Small, with energy. "Who's doing it, I'd like to know?"

"Well, if you have time, you might step in and remonstrate with the laup!"

Pickwickian down in the laup.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The Genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Did You Ever

eat cream with FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT?

It is more healthful, more nutritious, more delicately flavored than these famous biscuits accompany it.

FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT add excellence to everything they are eaten with, and they are excellent themselves.

FAVORITE Milk Biscuit

are substantial enough for a steady diet; delicate enough for dessert; economical enough to be used in every household every day.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Some Quaint Terms That Are Common Among the Natives.

"A hitched my foot in the sennce and knocked my nuddick, and a waddin' table to clunky for a fortnight."

Readers of recent popular dialect tales will probably take it for granted that this sentence is Scotch. It is, however, Cornish, and, being interpreted, means, "I caught my foot in the pavement and struck the nape of my neck, and I was not able to swallow for a fortnight."

There are some quaint terms common in Cornwall which have a pleasing savor of their own. The phrase "my dear"—prolonged to two syllables—is not, for instance, any indication of especial affection. It is a common form of address to other men or women. So also, though with rather more discrimination in its use, is "my dear life."

A young child is mentioned in terms of endearment as "my 'ansome" or "tender dear" or even "tender worm." "Son" and "sonny" are used without the least relation to the age or sex of the person addressed. A son may sometimes be heard speaking to his own father as "my son" or a husband calling his wife "sonny."

A Cornish man may be heard to say, "A bachelor of 80 is 'no young man.'" Of a bride still in her teens it was said that she was "a pretty lot better looking than when she was young." An old person is not simply old. He is "old ancient." Several New England localisms are found in Cornish speech, as "cricket" for a small stool, "chores" for household jobs and "dowdy" for pudding, though in America the latter word survives only as part of "pandowdy," the delicious deep spiced apple pie of country housewives.

"A young man who is skinnier as long as yow du place, but the figgy dowdy is burnt gin the crock!"—Youth's Companion.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED—QUALITY!

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate, in order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Wm. H. Bennett,
Fire Insurance Agency—

ADAMS NAT. BANK BLDG.
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.
AGENT FOR

Queens Ins. Co. of America of New York
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford
Manchester Fire Ass. Co. of England
Northwestern Nat. Ins. Co. of Milwaukee
Friedland Nat. Ins. Co. of Germany

Large Pleasant Rooms

Heated with steam, lighted by gas; board for the winter at winter prices, at the Harrison homestead, 182 W. Main street. Cars pass every half hour. **Mrs. J. M. Gardner.**

Boston & Albany Railroad.

Trains leave North Adams, daily except Sunday, for Pittsfield and intermediate stations at 6:30, 9:30 a. m., 12:10, 3:05 p. m.
Connecting at Pittsfield with Westfield, Springfield, Worcester and Boston, also for New York, Albany and the west. Time tables and further particulars may be had of—
G. H. PATRICK, Ticket Agent, North Adams, Mass.
A. S. HANSON, G. P. & T. Agent, Boston, Mass.

LADIES Who have used them recommend as the best
DR. KING'S
Star Crown Brand
PENICILLIN PILLS.
For relief of all diseases of the throat, tonsils, adenoids, etc. In case of suppuration, send ten cents for sample and book. All Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
KING MEDICINE CO., Box 159, Boston, Mass.

SALE IN

Fall and Winter
Suitings

We have the choicest stock of fall and winter woollens to select from.
Suits from \$16 upwards.
Trousers from \$4 upwards.
Fit, workmanship and trimmings the best.
See our goods and get our prices.
AMERICAN TAILOR.
31 Eagle Street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.
TEETH

Best sets of teeth \$5.50 and 7.50
No better made at any price and every set guaranteed.
Gold Fillings 75c and upwards.
Silver Fillings 50c.
Cleaning Teeth 50c.
Extracting Teeth 25c.

People's Dental Parlors,
Sullivan's New Block,
Main St., North Adams

Real Estate
For Sale

Fire Insurance
Of Every Description.
C. A. CARD,
No. 2 New Blackinton Block.

The Easy Room

Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only

DR. C. T. KINSMAN,
Dentist.
Noyes block, Spring street, Williamstown.

DR. CHARLES D. TREFFT,
Dentist.
Water, corner Main Street, Williamstown, Mass.

A Ton of Comfort

Goes with every ton of coal which leaves our yard. Our

Pittston Coal

Is free from stone or slate and is economical.

Frederick Mather, Agt

Office in D. W. Noyes' store, Spring Street, Williamstown.

R. Haynes has been chosen freshman director of the Young Men's Christian association.

The democratic town committee held a meeting in Temperance hall Monday night.

Mark H. Rogers, 1900, of Alston has been elected vice-president of the musical association to succeed as president and manager next year.

Information is being collected by the editors of the Williams Weekly concerning Williams men who enlisted in the late war.

TOWN TALK.

Lost—On river road from South Williamstown, a feather boa. Reward for return to Mrs. O. M. Blakelee.

WARRANT.

BERKSHIRE, S. S.

To either of the constables of the town of Williamstown, Greeting:

In the name of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, you are directed to notify and warn the inhabitants of the town of Williamstown, qualified to vote in election, to meet in Waterman & Moore's opera house on Tuesday, the eighth day of November next, it being the Tuesday next after the first Monday of said month, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to bring in their votes to the selectmen for:

Governor of the Commonwealth;
Lieutenant Governor;
Secretary of the Commonwealth;
Attorney General;
Treasurer and Receiver General;
Councillor, 8th District;
Auditor;
Senator, North Berkshire District;
Representative in General Court, district No. 2;
Representative in congress, first congressional district;
One County Commissioner for three years;
Two special Commissioners;
District Attorney for the Western District;
Sheriff for Berkshire County;
Register of Probate.

The polls may be closed at three o'clock in the afternoon, and you are directed to serve this warrant by posting up two or more attested copies of the same in two or more public places in said town fourteen days at least before the time set for holding said meeting. Hereof fail not, and make due return of this warrant with your doings thereon to the selectmen at the time and place of meeting.

Given under our hands this twenty-fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-Eight.

C. G. SANFORD,
L. C. TORREY,
G. W. SWEET,
Selectmen of Williamstown.

A true copy attested:
THOMAS DUMFREY,
Constable of Williamstown.

Identified.

Tourist (who calls at village postoffice for a registered letter)—But why can't you let me have it?

Postmaster—Have you proof of your identity?

Tourist—No.

Postmaster—Don't you know any one in the village?

Tourist—No.

Postmaster—Have you a photograph of yourself or anything?

Tourist—Yes.

Postmaster (comparing photo with original)—Certainly, sir, it's you. I'll get you the letter.—Pearson's Weekly.

How Wagner Wrote His Operas.

Wagner carried an opera in his mind for years before he began to jot down a note upon paper. The work once begun, however, it was performed with lightninglike speed. Even when an old man he wrote down the score for one of his famous operas with such rapidity that two trained amanuenses were unable to keep up with him. So absorbed in his writing did Wagner become that in his chirography were expressed the different emotions of the personages of the opera portrayed by those passages.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Did You Ever

eat cream with FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT?

It is more healthful, more nutritious, more delicately flavored than these famous biscuits accompany it.

FAVORITE MILK BISCUIT add excellence to everything they are eaten with, and they are excellent themselves.

FAVORITE Milk Biscuit

are substantial enough for a steady diet; delicate enough for dessert; economical enough to be used in every household every day.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

A Big Boiled Dish.

Cooks in large hotels and boarding houses may think they get up meals on a big scale, but when it comes to wholesale cooking the little village of Liss, on the London and Southwestern railway, England, surpasses them all.

At a barbecue held there not long ago an ox was boiled, not roasted, whole, and this is how it was done:

A large hole was dug in the ground and lined with brick. Inside this a tank large enough to hold the ox was built. The carcass was then lowered into the tank, having first been placed in a cage formed by heavy crossbars, to which chains were attached. Pulleys from a scaffolding above were used to raise and lower the ox.

Many vegetables, such as carrots, onions, cabbage and potatoes, were boiled with the meat. The boiling required seven hours.—Portland Transcript.

SEAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instant relief takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen F. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures corns and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and aching feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen F. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

MANY PEOPLE CANNOT DRINK

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, clears and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer today. Try it in place of coffee. 15c and 25c.

FASHIONABLE

.....Millinery.....

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.....AT.....

Styles and Patterns

Mrs. E. B. GERMAIN

Formerly at No. 3 Church Street now at
No. 4 Union Street,
Room 2, O'Brien Block, up one flight.
Call and See Me.

Fashionable Gloves.
Fashionable Handkerchiefs.
Corsets of all kinds.

Corsets and gloves tried on

HOOSAC VALLEY STREET RAILROAD.

ADAMS LINE.

Leave North Adams—7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40 a. m.
12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.10, 10.45, 11.20 p. m.

Leave Adams—5.50, 6.15, 7.00, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40 a. m.
12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.10, 10.45 p. m.

WILLIAMSTOWN LINE.

Leave North Adams—8.30, 5.45, 6.20, 7.00, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40 a. m.
12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.10, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Williamstown—6.20, 7.00, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40 a. m.
12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.10, 10.45 p. m.

BEAVER LINE.

Leave Main Street—6.30, 6.40, 7.15, 7.35, 7.52, 8.10, 8.25, 8.45, 9.02, 9.19, 9.37, 9.55, 10.12, 10.30, 10.48, 11.05, 11.22, 11.40, 11.58 a. m.
12.15, 12.32, 12.50, 1.08, 1.25, 1.43, 2.00, 2.18, 2.35, 2.53, 3.10, 3.28, 3.45, 4.02, 4.20, 4.37, 4.55, 5.12, 5.30, 5.48, 6.05, 6.22, 6.40, 6.57, 7.15, 7.32, 7.50, 8.07, 8.24, 8.41, 9.07, 9.25, 9.53, 10.15, 10.37, 10.55, 11.15, 11.35, 11.55 p. m.

Leave Beaver—6.10, 6.25, 6.50, 7.09, 7.28, 7.44, 8.01, 8.18, 8.37, 8.51, 9.11, 9.29, 9.46, 10.01, 10.21, 10.39, 10.57, 11.14, 11.31, 11.49 a. m.
12.07, 12.24, 12.42, 12.59, 1.17, 1.34, 1.52, 2.09, 2.27, 2.44, 2.62, 2.79, 2.97, 3.14, 3.31, 3.49, 3.66, 3.84, 4.01, 4.19, 4.36, 4.54, 5.11, 5.29, 5.46, 5.64, 5.81, 5.99, 6.16, 6.34, 6.51, 7.09, 7.26, 7.44, 7.61, 7.79, 7.96, 8.14, 8.31, 8.49, 8.66, 8.84, 9.01, 9.19, 9.36, 9.54, 10.12, 10.30, 10.48, 11.06, 11.24, 11.42, 11.60, 11.78, 11.96, 12.14, 12.32, 12.50, 1.08, 1.26, 1.44, 1.62, 1.80, 1.98, 2.16, 2.34, 2.52, 2.70, 2.88, 3.06, 3.24, 3.42, 3.60, 3.78, 3.96, 4.14, 4.32, 4.50, 4.68, 4.86, 5.04, 5.22, 5.40, 5.58, 6.16, 6.34, 6.52, 7.10, 7.28, 7.46, 7.64, 7.82, 8.00, 8.18, 8.36, 8.54, 9.12, 9.30, 9.48, 9.66, 9.84, 10.02, 10.20, 10.38, 10.56, 11.14, 11.32, 11.50, 12.08, 12.26, 12.44, 12.62, 12.80, 12.98, 1.16, 1.34, 1.52, 1.70, 1.88, 2.06, 2.24, 2.42, 2.60, 2.78, 2.96, 3.14, 3.32, 3.50, 3.68, 3.86, 4.04, 4.22, 4.40, 4.58, 4.76, 4.94, 5.12, 5.30, 5.48, 5.66, 5.84, 6.02, 6.20, 6.38, 6.56, 6.74, 6.92, 7.10, 7.28, 7.46, 7.64, 7.82, 8.00, 8.18, 8.36, 8.54, 8.72, 8.90, 9.08, 9.26, 9.44, 9.62, 9.80, 9.98, 10.16, 10.34, 10.52, 11.10, 11.28, 11.46, 11.64, 11.82, 12.00, 12.18, 12.36, 12.54, 1.12, 1.30, 1.48, 1.66, 1.84, 2.02, 2.20, 2.38, 2.56, 2.74, 2.92, 3.10, 3.28, 3.46, 3.64, 3.82, 4.00, 4.18, 4.36, 4.54, 4.72, 4.90, 5.08, 5.26, 5.44, 5.62, 5.80, 5.98, 6.16, 6.34, 6.52, 6.70, 6.88, 7.06, 7.24, 7.42, 7.60, 7.78, 7.96, 8.14, 8.32, 8.50, 8.68, 8.86, 9.04, 9.22, 9.40, 9.58, 9.76, 9.94, 10.12, 10.30, 10.48, 10.66, 10.84, 11.02, 11.20, 11.38, 11.56, 11.74, 11.92, 12.10, 12.28, 12.46, 12.64, 12.82, 13.00, 13.18, 13.36, 13.54, 13.72, 13.90, 14.08, 14.26, 14.44, 14.62, 14.80, 14.98, 15.16, 15.34, 15.52, 15.70, 15.88, 16.06, 16.24, 16.42, 16.60, 16.78, 16.96, 17.14, 17.32, 17.50, 17.68, 17.86, 18.04, 18.22, 18.40, 18.58, 19.16, 19.34, 19.52, 20.10, 20.28, 20.46, 20.64, 20.82, 21.00, 21.18, 21.36, 21.54, 21.72, 21.90, 22.08, 22.26, 22.44, 22.62, 22.80, 22.98, 23.16, 23.34, 23.52, 23.70, 23.88, 24.06, 24.24, 24.42, 24.60, 24.78, 24.96, 25.14, 25.32, 25.50, 25.68, 25.86, 26.04, 26.22, 26.40, 26.58, 26.76, 26.94, 27.12, 27.30, 27.48, 27.66, 27.84, 28.02, 28.20, 28.38, 28.56, 28.74, 28.92, 29.10, 29.28, 29.46, 29.64, 29.82, 30.00, 30.18, 30.36, 30.54, 30.72, 30.90, 31.08, 31.26, 31.44, 31.62, 31.80, 31.98, 32.16, 32.34, 32.52, 32.70, 32.88, 33.06, 33.24, 33.42, 33.60, 33.78, 33.96, 34.14, 34.32, 34.50, 34.68, 34.86, 35.04, 35.22, 35.40, 35.58, 35.76, 35.94, 36.12, 36.30, 36.48, 36.66, 36.84, 37.02, 37.20, 37.38, 37.56, 37.74, 37.92, 38.10, 38.28, 38.46, 38.64, 38.82, 39.00, 39.18, 39.36, 39.54, 39.72, 39.90, 40.08, 40.26, 40.44, 40.62, 40.80, 40.98, 41.16, 41.34, 41.52, 41.70, 41.88, 42.06, 42.24, 42.42, 42.60, 42.78, 42.96, 43.14, 43.32, 43.50, 43.68, 43.86, 44.04, 44.22, 44.40, 44.58, 44.76, 44.94, 45.12, 45.30, 45.48, 45.66, 45.84, 46.02, 46.20, 46.38, 46.56, 46.74, 46.92, 47.10, 47.28, 47.46, 47.64, 47.82, 48.00, 48.18, 48.36, 48.54, 48.72, 48.90, 49.08, 49.26, 49.44, 49.62, 49.80, 49.98, 50.16, 50.34, 50.52, 50.70, 50.88, 51.06, 51.24, 51.42, 51.60, 51.78, 51.96, 52.14, 52.32, 52.50, 52.68, 52.86, 53.04, 53.22, 53.40, 53.58, 53.76, 53.94, 54.12, 54.30, 54.48, 54.66, 54.84, 55.02, 55.20, 55.38, 55.56, 55.74, 55.92, 56.10, 56.28, 56.46, 56.64, 56.82, 57.00, 57.18, 57.36, 57.54, 57.72, 57.90, 58.08, 58.26, 58.44, 58.62, 58.80, 58.98, 59.16, 59.34, 59.52, 59.70, 59.88, 60.06, 60.24, 60.42, 60.60, 60.78, 60.96, 61.14, 61.32, 61.50, 61.68, 61.86, 62.04, 62.22, 62.40, 62.58, 62.76, 62.94, 63.12, 63.30, 63.48, 63.66, 63.84, 64.02, 64.20, 64.38, 64.56, 64.74, 64.92, 65.10, 65.28, 65.46, 65.64, 65.82, 66.00, 66.18, 66.36, 66.54, 66.72, 66.90, 67.08, 67.26, 67.44, 67.62, 67.80, 67.98, 68.16, 68.34, 68.52, 68.70, 68.88, 69.06, 69.24, 69.42, 69.60, 69.78, 69.96, 70.14, 70.32, 70.50, 70.68, 70.86, 71.04, 71.22, 71.40, 71.58, 71.76, 71.94, 72.12, 72.30, 72.48, 72.66, 72.84, 73.02, 73.20, 73.38, 73.56, 73.74, 73.92, 74.10, 74.28, 74.46, 74.64, 74.82, 75.00, 75.18, 75.36, 75.54, 75.72, 75.90, 76.08, 76.26, 76.44, 76.62, 76.80, 76.98, 77.16, 77.34, 77.52, 77.70, 77.88, 78.06, 78.24, 78.42, 78.60, 78.78, 78.96, 79.14, 79.32, 79.50, 79.68, 79.86, 80.04, 80.22, 80.40, 80.58, 80.76, 80.94, 81.12, 81.30, 81.48, 81.66, 81.84, 82.02, 82.20, 82.38, 82.56, 82.74, 82.92, 83.10, 83.28, 83.46, 83.64, 83.82, 84.00, 84.18, 84.36, 84.54,



THE AWARDS MADE.

At the October festival of the Notre Dame church these awards were made: Doll contest, first prize to Gertrude Lacy 649 votes, Elmore Montville 473 votes and Mary Burke 247 votes; umbrella, John Carlow; boy's suit, Rev. L. O. Triggance; subscription to a newspaper, Geneva Board; Mosses, Mrs. Anthony; Alex. Terrier; lamp, Celia Varro; suit, Mary Sweeney; 12 dozen fruit knives, Peter Poirier; ladies' slippers, Fred Cantu; silk quilt, Nellie O'Neil; trunk Clara; gun; pearl beads, Arthur Daudelin; ladies' shoes, Jack Lendex of North Adams; cigars, Annabel Brassard; box of soap, D. E. LaPann; gold ring, Alida St. Laurent; napkin ring, Rosin Naderi; silver berry dish, Henry Lavallie; chest of tools, J. K. Ferguson; barrel of crackers, Rodolphe Trotter; ton of coal, Master Alphonse Brodeur; toilet set, Daniel Haggerty; parlor lamp, John B. Poirier; silver butter dish, W. L. Lucier; cuckoo clock, Rev. L. O. Triggance; dining table, Henry Brodeur; fancy rocker, Emile Poirier; umbrella, Oliva Baker; side board, Joseph Rousseau; vest, Henry Carpenter; man's suit, Joseph Russell; pickle case, Gertrude Lacy; dozen handkerchiefs, Hermina Lafortune; toilet set, Euclide Beauchemin; one-half dozen orange spoons, Mrs. Frank Royal.

played to a very large crowd and gave the best of satisfaction. Their performance consists of singing and dancing and a variety of comicalities. The public ought to support it this evening.

The regular meeting of the K. of C. will be held this evening.

The regular meeting of the Alert hose company will be held this evening. The Renfrew Caledonian club will meet this evening.

At the regular meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. this evening, the subject will be "Helpfulness." Miss Anna McKenzie will lead.

James Trimble of Salem is the guest of his brother John of Renfrew. The former is here auctioning off the stock of I. B. Powell of Center street. Mr. Powell is to leave town.

Supt. P. J. Stanton has paid a death claim of \$110 to Mrs. Maggie McGrath on the life of her late husband, James McGrath.

A son was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fergus of Jordan street.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac LaBlue of Columbia street Monday morning.

The regular supper by the ladies of St. Mark's church will be served at the parish house this evening.

Miss Jennie Howells of Williams-town is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Beeler.

A social and dance will be held in the St. Jean Baptiste hall Friday evening. Palmer's orchestra will furnish music and F. D. Field will prompt. The affair is held under very capable management.

Curious disappearances and accidents to our warships characterized the early history of our navy, and in spite of all the efforts of the navy department to explain the cause of the disasters many of them are as absolute mysteries today as when they happened.

When the government built ten new gunboats the war was against Tripoli in 1805, they were sent out as soon as they were finished and before they were named. Each one was given a number and dispatched to the seat of the war. No. 7 sailed from New York July 20, 1805, under the command of Lieutenant Ogilvie, and after she cleared Sandy Hook light she was never heard from again. She went down with all on board before she had even been named.

A most extraordinary accident was that which happened to the corvet Monongahela at Santa Cruz in 1807.

While at anchor in the harbor a tremendous tidal wave lifted her upon its crest and carried her clear over the town of Fredericshaven and back again without injuring the town or the boat to any great extent. The receding wave landed her on the beach and it cost our government \$100,000 to get her again. Fully as strange was the fate of the ship-of-war Waterco.

She was anchored in the harbor of Arica, Peru, in 1808, when a huge tidal wave swept inland and flooded the whole city. The wave carried the sloop several miles inland and finally landed her in the midst of a tropical forest. It was impossible to release her from such a peculiar position, and the government sold her for a nominal sum. The purchasers turned the vessel into a hotel, and the remains of the once formidable war vessel loom up in the tropical forest today as a monument to the power of tidal waves.

Among other cases of disaster which are attributed to the violence of the waves or weather there is none more interesting than that of the strange fate of the Saratoga. When she sailed from Philadelphia in October, 1780, under the command of Captain James Young, there was no finer or handsomer war vessel afloat. That she was as formidable as she was attractive was soon demonstrated in a practical way. After cruising around a short time she captured three British vessels in succession, and then, with her prizes, she started to return to Philadelphia, but off the Delaware capes she encountered a British ship of the line. As the Saratoga carried only 18 guns, and the Intrepid was a 74 gun ship, Captain Young considered it safer to run away. The enemy did not chase her far, but returned to prevent and recapture the British prizes. The Saratoga sailed away in the very teeth of a storm, and she was never heard from again. Did she founder at sea in the gale, or was she blown up by her own magazines?—Leslie's Weekly.

At every age from 20 to 85 the chances of a single man going mad are much greater than those of a married man.

Ostrich eggs weigh about 3½ pounds each. They are sometimes eaten in Africa.

Shares of the Sixth Series of the Adams Co-operative bank are now on sale and can be obtained of Frank Hanlon, secretary-treasurer.

The dividend paid by the bank is at the rate of 5 3/4 per cent. You pay one dollar per month on each share.

People go along for years suffering with piles. Then try this, and that and the other thing; from carrying a bucket to getting treatment from a physician. They obtain temporary relief, maybe, but they are never quite cured. A little strain in lifting, excessive fatigue, a little constipation or a little diarrhoea and the piles come back.

They don't seem to amount to much, but they banish sleep and appetite. No position is comfortable. There is intense local pain and that dreadful itching or weight in the perineum.

Maybe in the early stages some of the many salves on sale will afford temporary relief. If the case is of long standing there is only one speedy and sure remedy. It is Pyramid Pile Cure.

Even in light cases it is the safest thing to use. Other applications may cure and may not. Pyramid Pile Cure is always certain, always reliable, always brings comfort at once. Its prompt use saves months of severe suffering. In extreme cases it will save surgical operations and their attendant dangers and discomforts. It is better than a knife. Will cure easier, quicker and safer. Thousands have used it. Thousands have been cured by it. The cost is trifling compared with what it does. The price is 50 cents. Most anybody would gladly pay ten dollars to be rid of piles.

Druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure. Send to Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for book on cause and cure of piles.

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CEYLON INDIA

Is noted for rich wine-like body.

The delightful flavor of that imported and sold by Chase & Sanborn in pound and half-pound air-tight packages, under the name of Orange Pekoe, is indeed most enjoyable.

Truly it is said that

are the "Royal Gems of the Kingdom of Tea." They are famous throughout the country for richness, flavor, purity, and superiority.

One pound makes over 200 cups.

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UGLY SEA MONSTERS.

HIDEOUS DEVILFISH THAT ARE FOUND IN THE OCEAN.

A Fearsome Horned Reptile That Makes a Leap of Six Feet Out of the Water—The Horrible Barracouta of the Leeward Islands.

Among such primitive peoples as still exist not the least curious or notable trait which universally obtains is the manner in which all things uncanny or which they are unable to comprehend are by common consent ascribed to the devil. Now, it will doubtless be readily admitted that such notions, even among highly civilized nations, their old world habits of thought and expression longer than any other branch of the population. This can scarcely be wondered at, since to all of us, even the least imaginative, the eternal mystery of the ocean appeals with thrilling and ever fresh effect every time that we come into close personal relations with it.

But when those whose daily bread depends upon their constant struggle with the mighty marine forces, who are familiar with so many of its marvels, are in the course of their avocations brought suddenly in contact with some odious visitor of horrid aspect arising from the gloomy, unknown depths, with one accord they speak of the monster as a "devilfish," and the name never fails to stick.

So that there is not one species of devilfish, but several, each peculiar to some different part of the world and inspiring its own special terrors in the hearts of mariners of many nations. Of the devilfish that we in this country hear most about and are indubitably portrayed for us by Victor Hugo, the octopus, so much has been written and said that it is not necessary now to do much more than make passing allusion to the family, but the cephalopoda embrace so vast a variety that it seems hardly fair to single out of them all the comparatively harmless octopus for opprobrium, while leaving several unmentioned the gigantic onychoteuthis of the deep sea, to say nothing of many infernal cuttlefish. From the enormous mollusk just mentioned—which is not unreasonably credited by seamen with being the largest fish in the ocean—to the tiny loligo, upon which nearly all deep water fish feed, hideousness is their prevailing feature, and truly appalling of aspect some of the larger ones are, while their omnivorous voracity makes them veritable sea scavengers, to whom nothing comes amiss, live or dead.

When, therefore, I was homeward bound from St. John's with a cargo of mahogany and when off Cape Canipeche was one calm afternoon leaning over the taffrail looking down into the blue profound on watch for fish. A gloomy shade came over the bright water, and up rose a fearsome monster some 18 feet across and in general outline more like a skate or ray than anything else, all except the horn. There, what appeared to be two small, dark, horn-like projections, rose one on each side of the most horrible pair of eyes imaginable. A shark's eye as he turns sideways under your vessel's counter and looks up to see if any one is coming are ghastly, green and cruel, but this thing's eyes were all these and much more. I felt that the book of Revelation was in complete without him, and his gaze haunts me yet.

Although quite sick and giddy at the sight of such a bogey, I could not move until the awful thing was well away. What seemed like mighty wings, soared out of the water soundlessly to a height of about six feet, falling again with a thunderous splash that might have been heard for miles. I must have fainted with fright, for the next thing I was conscious of was awakening under the rough doctored of my shipmates. Since then I have never seen one leap upward in the darkness. As night, when there is no wind, the monstrous splash is constantly to be heard, although why they make that batlike leap out of their proper element is not easy to understand. It does not seem possible to believe such awe inspiring horrors capable of playing gamboling.

At another time, while out of a bark landing in the Tonsala river, one of the Mexican mahogany ports, I was fishing one evening from the vessel's deck with a very long pole and hook for large fish. I was providing devilfish picked up my bait and, feeling the hook, as I suppose, sprang out of the water with it. I am almost ashamed to say that I made no attempt to secure the thing, which was a comparatively small specimen, but allowed it to amuse itself until, to my great relief, the hook broke, and I recovered the use of my line, my evening's sport quite spoiled.

These ugly monsters have as yet no commercial value, although from their vast extent of flat surface they might be found worthy of attention for their skins, which should make very excellent shagreen. A closer acquaintance with them would also most probably divert them of much of the terror in which they are held at present.

It is among the Leeward islands, however, that the barracouta attains his largest dimensions and has inspired the fish-eaters and boatmen with such dread of him that, while they would not shrink from a shark in supreme contempt, the mere rumor of a "devilfish" anywhere in their vicinity will bring every negro within hail scrambling out of the water in doublequick time.

Whether rightly or wrongly, I have never been able to ascertain by personal observation, but undoubtedly the fact is that the barracouta is credited with an infernal propensity for inflicting a nameless mutilation upon any human being unfortunate enough to get within reach of him. He is long and narrow, blue black above, with a silvery gray belly, and swift as an arrow. His lower jaw is considerably longer than the upper, and both are armed with teeth almost exactly like those of a dog. From this configuration of the jaws it is unnecessary for the barracouta to turn on its back, like the shark, when he comes for you. Silent, straight, swift and almost invisible, his long, thin, pointed snout, the first intimation of his presence is often the fatal snap of those lethal jaws, which leaves the hapless victim beyond the hope of recovery.

There are of course many other marine monstrosities to which, with more or less show of reason, the satanic epithet has been applied, but they are very little known or noticed, except within certain narrow limits. I think, among the best said to justify simple savages and almost equally simple minded seamen in bestowing upon the creatures of their dread a name which to them embodies all they are able to conceive of pitiless cruelty, unquenchable ferocity and unmatchable cunning.—Cornhill Magazine.

Experiments and measurements made at the Naval academy, Annapolis, show that systematic gymnastic work causes growth.

Who Can Tell? "Papa," said Tommy Tredway. "Now, Tommy," replied Mr. Tredway, "I shall answer only one more question today. So be careful what you ask."

"Yes, papa." "Well, go on." "Why don't they bury the Dead sea?" Harper's Bazar.

When Virginia was first settled, sections of wives were held at Jamestown.

Blackwoodmen of China still use the bow and arrow as a weapon.

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Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion contains the hypophosphites.

These alone make it of great value for all affection of the nervous system.

It also contains glycerine, a most valuable, soothing and healing agent. Then there is the cod-liver oil, acknowledged by all physicians as the best remedy for poor blood and loss in weight.

These three great remedial agents blended into a creamy Emulsion, make a remarkable tissue builder.

See and feel, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FREE. A winter prisoner, loath and long, From sun and song, One supple hearted morning I heard, A faint wood note, A mellow music syllable from a tree Spring's herald robin caroled clear to me—"Free! Oh, free!"

Ah, with what titanic lusthood, What buoyant mood, Did I, the ice endangered one, reply To that glad cry? With sudden visions did it bring to me, What dream delirium, what vanished ecstasy! "Free! Oh, free!"

Once more the melody and mirth Of the bird song, Once more the soft warm whisper of the rain, The waves of grain, And all the little laughter that there be In vine and grass and more chill secrecy! "Free! Oh, free!"

"Clifton Scotland in Bachelor of Arts."

PRESERVING THE RUINS. Final and Laughable End of One of Ireland's Old Castles.

One of Ireland's magnificent ruined castles came to its final end in this manner. The ancient seat of the Castleberghs overlooked Lough Swilly, and it was one of the most princely residences in Ireland. Eventually it fell into decay and was not inhabited.

As usual in such circumstances, when the peasantry wanted to build a pigsty, repair a road or anything of the sort, they took the stones from the ruined castle, which was disappearing piecemeal when one day the then Lord Londonderry paid a visit to his Irish property. When he saw the state the castle was in and reflected on the fact that it was so much identified with the history of his family and even a ruin was a glory of Ireland, he determined to put a stop to the encroachments that had been made upon it.

Sending for his agent to give him orders that the people were no longer to remove stones from the building, he instructed him to have the place inclosed with a wall six feet high and well capped to keep out trespassers. That being done, he went his way and did not return to Ireland for three or four years. He then found, to his amazement, that the old castle had completely disappeared, and in its place there was a big wall inclosing nothing. Sending for the agent, he demanded to know why his orders had not been carried out. The agent insisted that they had been.

"But where is the castle?" demanded the marquis. "The castle, is it? Boded, I built the wall with it, my lord! Is it for me to be going miles for materials with the finest masons in Ireland beside me?"

In telling the man to build the wall Lord Londonderry had said nothing whatever about preserving the castle, which is now a thing of the past. Nevertheless the wall is a good one.—London Tit-Bits.

The Great Boat Race in London. Toward the middle of March London suddenly becomes an arrangement in blue. The race is fixed for the second Saturday before Easter, when the Londoners, who have passed weeks and months without holiday or pageant, is in the humor to make the most of it. And London decorates itself in anticipation. The draper's window becomes a harmony in blue. So does the stationer's; so does the milliner's; so does all Regent street; so do Oxford street, Piccadilly, Kensington. In the Strand and Chancery the fakir puts away his penny bagpipes and his shirt studs and his toys and brings out trays of tiny light and dark blue buttonhole buds.

The light and dark blue, and the papers, if they do not change the color of their ink, cut down police news and literary notes to devote the space to daily accounts of the crews out for practice, and the columns of personal gossip are filled with descriptions of the men, their food and their fancies. The condition of No. 6 is of more importance than the health of the prime minister and the bluster on the finger of a statesman are serious than a defeat in India. About 99 out of every 100 people in London have something staked upon the race, for the Londoner is a born gambler, though his gambling has been officially suppressed, possibly the reason of its never falling charm for him.—Mrs. Elizabeth Robins Pennell in Century.

That Botherome "H." Speaking of the letter "h," a writer in the Rochester Post-Express says: "Curiously enough, the 'h' is not dropped north of Yorkshire and Scotland, with characteristic thriftiness, takes the utmost care of it. Ireland is prodigal in emphasizing it, and so far as I know, the colonies are also proud on this point. Only England refuses to aspiate. Sometimes her consistent inaccuracy in this matter is amusing enough."

For example, there is a village in the eastern counties where the people are called the Hawes. A parishioner was asked what he thought of a strange preacher who had been holding a service in the village. "Well," he said, "I liked the gentleman. 'Is tea' was just suited to us folk."

"Why, what was his text?" "It was a text from the psalms, 'Stand in awe and sin not.'—It sounded so 'moly like.'"

It is not work that makes one so "dead tired." It is worry and hurry. A clever woman once said to a nervous, excited sister, "My dear, don't use a pile driver to pin on a bow of ribbon." It's good advice. It means simply don't use a double or a triple amount of nerve force in the performance of something that can be done as well or better with less.

Only 20 per cent of the murders committed yearly in America and Europe are ever found out.

The only animal which is totally dumb is the giraffe.

"E. H. Chase & Co's pure barley meal whiskey is recommended by physicians for household and medicinal uses. M. Welch & Co. and all druggists."

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Six Varieties of Asbestos.

There is probably no product of inner-galio nature about which there is so much popular mystery and misconception as asbestos. It is vaguely understood that the principal claim of this remarkable product is that it cannot be consumed by fire. There are, however, no less than six varieties of asbestos, each of which possesses qualities peculiar to itself. They may be classified as follows: Amianthus, which the fibers are an exceedingly long, flexible and elastic that they may be woven into cloth; common asbestos, with the fibers much less flexible—it is heavier than the first variety, a dull green in color; sometimes pearly in luster and oily to the touch; mountain cork, light enough to float on water; mountain leather, also very light, but thinner and more flexible than the last; mountain paper or blue asbestos; mountain wood, which in external appearance resembles dry wood. Asbestos is that it cannot be consumed by fire. 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The Transcript

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I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.
—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.
The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by The Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"
From the seal of the city of North Adams

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 1, 98

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they save the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

COMMUNICATIONS on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- Governor, ROGER WOLCOTT.
- Lieutenant Governor, W. MURRAY CRANE.
- Congressman, GEORGE P. LAWRENCE.
- Councillor, PARLEY A. RUSSELL.
- District Attorney, CHARLES L. GARDNER.
- Sheriff, CHARLES W. FULLER.
- Senator, WILLIAM A. WHITTLESSEY.
- Register of Probate, FRED R. SHAW.
- County Commissioner, JAMES H. FLAGG.
- Special Commissioners, S. A. HICKOX, H. C. PHELPS.
- Representatives, CHARLES A. CARD, ROBERT B. HARVIE.

DISCOURAGING TO PLACE-SEEKERS.

General Woodford, our late minister to Spain, has been giving his ideas upon the timely topic of colonial expansion. He thinks the United States will have to make the expansion experiment as a choice of evils. But he offers little consolation for the great army of American office-seekers who are looking forward with eagerness to the opening up of limitless possibilities for place hunters in our colonial service. In a speech which he delivered at Boston a few days ago General Woodford said:

You will never administer Porto Rico, you will never administer Cuba, you will never administer Hawaii, you will never administer the Philippine Islands upon the theory that because a man has successfully run a primary in Boston or a caucus in New York, therefore he is qualified to govern, to rule, to administer, to represent the United States in the distant colonies.

The administration of a distant colony calls for a higher order of talents than the average American politician possesses. We shall have to follow England's example if we expect to succeed in governing distant provinces. This will require the application of civil service principles to the selection of colonial officials, and the majority of our place hunters will accordingly be barred.

If we are going to build up a successful colonial system that shall redound to the highest advantage of our colonists and prove a credit to ourselves we must place in colonial offices men who are especially trained for their work, and make their tenure independent of political influence. This means that the political patronage of congressmen will not be materially increased, through the operations of the colonial department, and the members who are now clamoring for territorial expansion, with an eye upon the expected expansion of the congressman's perquisites should make a note of this depressing probability.

YES, THERE ARE A FEW.

We are accumulating problems as fast as Fido acquires fleas. Problems in Hawaii, problems in Cuba, problems in Porto Rico, problems in the Ladronez, cloud perplexities in the distant Philippines!

Has the experiment of popular government been carried forward to such glorious fruition that we can afford to fly from domestic duties and responsibilities to tremendous burdens and distractions at the other side of the world? Are there no home problems crying for solution? Are there no failures, no injustices, no inequalities at home so rank that they smell to heaven? Indeed there are a few. Very recent happenings force the truth home to us.

Problem 1—The Indiana. Read "A Century of Dishonor" in the light of the recent Pillager uprising.

Problem 2—The boss. Note his domination of New York and Pennsylvania politics.

Problem 3—Capital and Labor. This problem is not beyond the shotgun stage in Illinois.

Problem 4—The Black Man. Eleven are dead and four wounded as the result of a race war in Scott county, Mississippi.

And there are others. But enough are given to remind those who dream of empire and altruistic endeavors near Asia's shores that America need not circumnavigate the globe in quest of troubles. There are plenty at home.

And patriotism and national pride and civil courage can put in all of the coming century in looking after them. —Detroit Free Press.

MAJOR WHIPPLE FOR COLONEL.

The entire Second regiment will experience the most sincere regret should Colonel Clark persist in his expressed determination to retire from the militia at the close of the regiment's volunteer service. Colonel Clark is firmly established in the minds and hearts of all his officers and men as a wise and brave officer, whose judgment may be relied upon and whose devotion to the work is all controlling. Should he, however, resign his command, the thoughts of all the western companies, at least, will turn to Major Whipple of Adams as his successor. Major Whipple as senior major of the regiment during the latter part of the Cuban campaign, proved again his great efficiency as an executive officer and as a leader of men, and his position with the regiment is one of hearty popularity. He combines in excellent proportion the qualities needed for the leader of a regiment in time of peace or in time of war, and as a man well qualified to follow Colonel Clark, is sure of the support of his men for the position.

If you have thanks, the president's proclamation goes on to say, prepare to offer them now.

Any man who imagines that the Cuban insurgents are addicted to the work habit is unfit to advise them.

The Cuban plantation owners refuse to employ soldiers. It's another kind of planters they're after.

George Fred Williams coyly concedes that he is the greatest man, bar one, that ever happened in Massachusetts, but why bar one?

David B. Hill thinks it time enough to cross the bridges when he comes to them, but he won't come to any, as they were all burned at Chicago.

The report that the peace negotiations of Paris are proceeding satisfactorily is intended for American consumption only. It's different with Spain.

The November Atlantic throws a strong and valuable sidelight upon many of the questions involved in the recent acquisition of new dependencies by the nation in the opening paper by David Starr Jordan on our past and present management of Alaska. Professor Jordan writes from experience as a scientist and a government commissioner, and shows how the vast resources of that country are squandered and wasted by reckless mismanagement, which will be equally destructive to our new possessions if similar methods are allowed to prevail in them.

William H. Chase of this city would make an entirely satisfactory and capable county commissioner and The Transcript would be pleased to give him support. He is a most worthy and energetic young man. But he is on the wrong ticket; and nothing that can be said in his praise cannot also be said with like truth of James H. Flagg. The advantage of larger business experience and more intimate knowledge of the needs of the county in all sections rests with Mr. Flagg. We shall be glad to see Mr. Flagg elected, as he surely will be, but sorry to see Mr. Chase fall of advancement.

Another thing the people do not forget or overlook, and that is the need for deep probing into the abuses in the conduct of the war which proved so costly to our people in the loss of precious human life. Congressman Lawrence renews his pledge to help uncover the things that demand exposure. The people will hold him and all the rest to this pledge and purpose. It is to be hoped that the Massachusetts reform club is ready to enlarge the scope of its plans for gathering testimony. More money than the \$500 set apart will be needed, and let it be called for. The people are ready to supply it.—Springfield Republican.

English Royal Titles.
The kings and queens of England were not always styled "his" or "her majesty," or after the pattern of that bestowed upon Victoria, "her most gracious majesty." Henry IV was styled "his grace," Henry VI "his most excellent grace," Edward IV "high and mighty prince," Henry VII "his grace and his majesty," Henry VIII "his highness" and afterward "his majesty." Subsequently the English kings were styled "his sacred majesty."

A Use For It.
Mamie—Only think, Fred Sanders has given Carrie Moore a diamond for an engagement ring.

Steve—That's all right. Carrie's father is a painter and glazier. The diamond will come in handy in his business.—Boston Transcript.

Berlin has a restaurant where a beef-steak prepared in the highest style of culinary art costs \$4.50, and the waiter expects a tip of 50 cents.

In India wheat is still thrashed by buffaloes trodden out by bullocks and buffaloes.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in their pockets, they carry them in their purses, because they are so handy in medicine. Give them to your friends.

Seen and Heard.

Just one week from tonight one-half of the "prominent citizens" of the community will settle down to another year of private quietness, concluding that they prefer it, after all, while the other half will begin the joys of public service by attempting to smoke the cigars they have won on friendly wagers. Those of the successful candidates who survive the cigars, will later assume the reins of government. This last week is marked by the final round-up by the various aspirants, who are already putting on that "dead stare of winning" expression which reminds one of the distracting efforts of a stiff-necked criminal to "look pleasant, please" before the rogue's gallery camera.

Yesterday was what a local dentist called "tooth-ache" weather, being unusually raw and cold and damp. In speaking of it he gave as a fact what is little known, that tooth-ache follows the weather just as surely as does rheumatism, which latter affliction has a well known reputation in the line. He remarked that a dentist had little need to go outside his office to learn the state of the weather on such a day, as a long line of bandaged-faced sufferers with enlarged jaws and jumping molars inevitably indicated the sad combination that makes up a typical November day.

A large sized and vigorous "holler" has been registered at this office, as a result of the new rule that the street railway has put in force, concerning the stopping of cars only at the white posts. The suburban dweller who has the complaint to make says that he regards the rule as a "holler" in the line, when properly enforced, but he considers it extreme when a motorman refuses to stop his car for a passenger who is not in a geometrically straight line perpendicularly drawn from the post to the car tracks. It seemed to him, and to several who have spoken of it, that the motormen were following the letter of the law rather more faithfully than the spirit of accommodation, and that a passenger should be allowed a lee-way of a few inches on either side of the post in which to stand to insure the car's stopping, especially in the country, where the white signs are farther apart.

The local Salvation Army, after a thorough experiment in practical efforts for the physical betterment of mankind, has decided that such work hardly pays in a city of this size, and has given up its attempts. It will hereafter devote its undivided attention to the moral welfare of those whom the soldiers address on the street as "my sinful friends." It is in many ways a loss to the city that the lodging house should be closed, since it provided a place where a man out of pocket but ready to work could secure temporary accommodation. The trouble seems to have been that so few of the out of pocket class were ready to work for benefits received.

WHOLESALE BIGAMY!

Ten Women Claim to Have Been Wedded by a Chicago Friboyer.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—A Bridewell prisoner of many aliases has been identified as the original of a picture forwarded from Wheeling as the likeness of Jacob Adolph Huff, who is suspected of complicity in causing the death of Mrs. Jacob Hoff, to whom he was married on April 15, and whose death occurred two months later. The prisoner is known as the Bridewell as Martin Doty, with several aliases. The picture, which was received by the Chicago police Saturday and was signed by Rev. Herman Haase of Wheeling. Mr. Haase said Jacob Adolph Huff married Mrs. Hoff, a widow, April 15, 1895. Two months later the woman died suddenly, and the day after her burial Huff disappeared. His clothing and watch were found on a bank of the Ohio river, and it was thought grief had caused him to commit suicide.

The discovery that he had drawn \$900 from the bank and pawned his wife's jewelry caused the Wheeling authorities to change their mind and an examination of the woman's body was made. It was discovered, the clergyman's letter indicated, that she had not died a natural death. A week ago Mr. Haase, after reading of the arrest of a polygamist in Chicago, one of whose aliases was Huff, sent the picture. Yesterday detectives recognized Doty as the original of the picture.

Doty denied having ever been in Wheeling. He has been in Bridewell several weeks. Nearly a month ago it was discovered that he was wanted in Milwaukee for bigamy. An investigation developed that at least 10 women claimed to be his wife. He was not suspected of murder until Rev. Mr. Haase's letter arrived.

Two Were Killed.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 1.—The special naval train was derailed east of Rat Portage at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon by a broken rail. The tender, two baggage cars and three colonist cars were derailed and an embankment 30 feet high. Frank Fleckney and William Miller, boys from the training ship Agincourt, of Chatham, Eng., were killed; Samuel Harrison, stoker, of Edinburgh, and Thomas Burns, seaman, were injured; also a man named Smith from Papeauville, P. Q., who was stealing a ride.

Halifax, Nov. 1.—The naval train wrecked near Rat Portage left Halifax Thursday night on the arrival of the steamer Carthagenian from Liverpool with drafts for the British Pacific squadron. The train carried 133 sailors and 11 officers. The train was made up under imperial government officers' inspection and was being rushed to its destination in view of the Anglo-French controversy. It was a special and had a clear track, and was due to arrive at Esquimaux one week from date of departure.

"A Step Backward."
Washington, Nov. 1.—The Civil Service reform league has sent a letter to the president expressing its hope that he will not, as reported in the public press, withdraw a number of places now filled by civil service methods from the scope of the civil service rules. The letter expresses the league's belief in "the certainty that such changes will be greeted alike by the friends and enemies of the merit system as a step backward, and the first step backward avowedly taken by the executive branch of the government since the civil service law took effect."

Agreed to Disagree.
Yokohama, Nov. 1.—The whole cabinet has resigned, the ministers being unable to agree upon the question of filling the portfolio of education. Thus the first attempt at party government in Japan has proved a failure. It is probable that the next cabinet will be a coalition of Liberals and Clan leaders.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

It is evident that the wrong kind of milk has been placed in the Crosby Franco-American club in North Adams. Something like 100 Frenchmen in North Adams have formed a republican club and openly condemn the efforts of a few to turn over the entire French vote of the city to the Crosby interests. They contend, and rightfully too, that the Franco-American club of the county are non-political organizations, and attempt to make them a tail to the Crosby kite will lessen the influence of the French in Berkshire and also make it appear as though their clubs were up for bargain and sale. Fears are entertained that the politics which have been injected in the North Adams branch will injure it as a benevolent and social organization. Conservative members do not object to Frenchmen forming political clubs, but they are opposed to politics in their fraternal societies.—Pittsfield Eagle.

REED SAYS AT LARGE.

Notorious Buncie Man a Shipper Customer For Police Officials.

Worcester, Mass., Nov. 1.—John Reed, the famous buncie man, is still a very much unknown quantity. His quiet disappearance from the Sherwood House Sunday night was effective, and since Officer Abbott left him in his room at the hotel nothing has been heard of the whereabouts of the much-wanted man. Abbott appeared in court yesterday morning, with the intelligence that he brought Reed to Worcester Sunday afternoon, but he was unable to bring him into court.

Mrs. Reed, who appeared overcome when she learned of her husband's sudden disappearance, recovered sufficiently to return to Boston, leaving this city on an early evening train last night. Officer Abbott, too, went back to Charlestown for a conference with Warden Briggs at the state prison.

There have been absolutely no developments in the case so far as locating the man is concerned. Local police officials are of the opinion that Reed will be a very hard man to locate, in view of the many influential friends that his past experience has shown him to possess in different parts of the country.

The Nicaragua Canal.

Managua, Nov. 1.—After four days' public discussion the Nicaraguan congress has unanimously approved the agreement, provisionally made between President Zelaya and the American contractors and engineers, Messrs. Craigh and Eyre, authorizing the construction of an inter-oceanic canal, and empowering the concessionaires to negotiate with the Maritime Canal company. A clause in the agreement declares that the concession to the Maritime Canal company will terminate on Oct. 9, 1899. Congratulatory telegrams have been received from the chief cities of Nicaragua and the neighboring republics.

Malden's Sensation.

Malden, Mass., Nov. 1.—Dr. William D. Nutter was arrested last night charged with being accessory to the death of Mrs. Louise S. Bradbury of this city, which occurred at the Malden hospital on Oct. 7. Dr. Nutter furnished \$2000 bail. Dr. Sexton, the city physician, is charged with performing the operation, and Henry S. Cardy of Chelsea is held as the alleged accessory. Dr. Nutter did not deny assisting at the operation, which, he claimed, was performed with the hope of saving Mrs. Bradbury's life from the effects of a previous operation of a similar nature.

Death of Dr. Duncan.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Dr. Samuel White Duncan, who returned from his trip to foreign countries only last Saturday, died at his home in Brookline at midnight from heart failure. He was born in Haverhill, Dec. 18, 1838. He was foreign secretary of the American Baptist Missionary union.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Cairo correspondent of the London Daily Mail says an Egyptian battalion has been dispatched to Fashoda. The output of ore in Cripple Creek district in October is valued at \$1,488,150, the highest for any month in the history of the camp.

Los Angeles will entertain the next annual convention of the National Educational association if favorable railroad rates can be obtained.

An explosion of escaping natural gas in the main boiler room at the Bellaire (O.) Steel company's furnace demolished the entire building and fatally injured six men.

J. H. H. Mason & Sons filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court in Providence. The petition shows that the firm's liabilities amount to \$310,000.

It will be to your interest to see our stock when looking for

Wedding Gifts
We give you the best and Save you money.

HIGLEY

WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN

The recognized headquarters for fine repairing.

WILSON OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, Nov. 4 and 5.

Matinee Saturday.

Two evenings of uproarious laughter. The merriest, breeziest and funniest comedy ever produced.

Mixed, Muddled and Fixed.

Including many neat and surprising specialties. A string of absurdities in three knots.

Presented by
Harry Rogers Comedy Co.
PRICES. Evening, 35, 50, 75c. Matinee, Children, 15c, adults, 25c. Seat on sale at Wilson house drug store.

LAST WEEK

For Free Healing and Lectures.

At Gatslick Hall, 66 Main Street, Tonight and Thursday and Friday, 2.30 and 7.30 p. m.

There will be six more free lectures and free healing demonstrations this week and those interested in progress will do well to attend these meetings and be benefited by Dr. Pfeiffer, the gifter natural healer. He cures all kinds of diseases of long standing, also removes birthmarks, cancers, tumors, moles and freckles free of pain and without using the knife. He is successful in curing those who are afflicted with the liquor, morphine and tobacco habits. Remember you can consult Dr. Pfeiffer at his office, 66 Main street, free every week day from 9 to 12, 2 to 6 and 7 to 8, except Wednesdays and Saturdays when he is at his Pittsfield office. Please don't classify Dr. Pfeiffer with those people who come here for a few days and make great promises, which generally are broken as quickly as made. He attends conscientiously to all cases intrusted to him, as his Pittsfield record shows. If you are a sufferer, go and consult him. Patients from a distance boarded and cared for.

Of Benefit to Trade.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Ambassador Hitchcock at St. Petersburg has been in communication with the state department regarding the establishment of steamship communication between the United States and Russia with a view to an increase of trade between the two countries. Arrangements have been made with the United Steamship company at Copenhagen to establish a line direct between Russia and the United States. The vessels will make experimental runs between St. Petersburg, Riga and New York.

A Boy's Fatal Mishap.

West Derry, N. H., Nov. 1.—George Hartop, aged 12 years, and the eldest of seven children of Arthur Hartop, died yesterday from a gunshot wound in the abdomen. The boy went with a younger brother into a field to shoot hawks, and while crossing a furrow fell upon the rifle he was carrying. The weapon was discharged.

Lives In Jeopardy.

St. John's, Nov. 1.—Three fishing vessels, homeward bound from Labrador with crews aggregating 120 persons, are now much overdue. Since the recent gales the wreckage of a schooner has been found strewn along the coast, and it is feared that she was one of the belated vessels. Arrangements are being made to dispatch a search steamer.

Donkey-keeper Shot Himself.

Providence, Nov. 1.—George M. Atwood, a bookkeeper, committed suicide at his home yesterday by shooting himself. Mr. Atwood has suffered from melancholia for some weeks, and friends state that he took his life during a temporary fit of insanity.



What Mrs. Jenness Miller Says.

In writing to the Manufacturers of the now famous "Jenness Miller" Shoes, Mrs. Miller said: "Out of the fulness of my gratitude for comfort which was unknown to me before, I feel that I must let other women, whose feet have caused them the same trouble that mine have caused me, know of the blessed relief to be found in the shoes which now bear my name."

The "Jenness Miller" Shoes are the most graceful, comfortable women's shoes in the world.

We are sole agents for this city and fully guarantee every pair.

Extra quality \$5.
PRATT BROS.
No. 1 Burlingame Block, MAIN STREET.

Boston Store.

NORTH ADAMS, Nov. 1, 1898.

WEATHER—Fair tonight and Wednesday; westerly winds.

Boston Store.

First Day of November

No one can put it off any longer. New articles of dress for outwear; heavy garments for underwear. Warm bed clothing must be gotten—and quickly. This store will be first thought of, of course. And naturally. Where else is everything sold as reasonably?

Shirt Waists.

Everyone mindful of the manner in which we managed our summer shirt waists (we have two left) are now coming here to buy their winter waists. We have—

- Flannel Waists at \$1, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each.
- Flannellette Plaids, \$1 and \$1.95 each.
- Black Flannel, \$1.95 and \$2.50 each.
- Silk and Wool Plaids, \$2.75 each.

Also a very full assortment of Silk and Latin Waists.

Ladies' Underwear.

There are two points we want to speak of particularly. The first, a larger assortment is seldom shown. The second, the quality is perfection. We claim no especial miracles. But our prices are fair and reasonable.

Petticoats.

We have sold very many petticoats, and why? Because our display is fine and our prices are as low, if not lower, than other figures on equal goods. Think of it—a Black Satine Petticoat, with ruffle, lined with flannellette, for 75c.

Telephone—North Adams, 107-2

BOSTON STORE,

Blackinton Block.

WILSON OPERA HOUSE

TUESDAY, Nov. 1.

Extraordinary Engagement of

Edward E. Rice's Superb Spectacle

THE Magnificent Scenery.

100 nights in London at the Duke-of-York Theater.

300 nights in New York at the Herald Square Theater.

Gorgeous Costumes. Daunt Music. Beautiful Chorus. 50 People.

PARIS

"Greatest Presentation of Many Seasons."

ORIGINAL NEW YORK PRODUCTION. GREAT CAST WITH ALLIE CLARK.

Far Surpassing Rice's Past Triumphs. "Evangeline," "1492," "Excelsior, Jr.," "Little Christopher."

PRICES, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Sale of seats opens at Wilson Opera House Drug Store, Saturday morning at 9 a. m.

A Most Attractive Line of FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATS

At Prices That Cannot Be Matched.

Youth's best tailored, perfect in fit, very stylish, Covert Top Coats, sold everywhere at \$10, \$15 and \$20, our price \$8.50, \$10, \$12 and \$18.

A Word to Mothers.

We have the finest and best Knee Pants ever shown in Berkshire County, at 25c and 50c per pair. Do not miss them.

Agent for the celebrated Wilcox Hat.

M. GATSLICK,

The Reliable Clothier and Furnisher.

Acorn Heating Stoves and Ranges

The largest assortment and most attractive designs.

The National Acorn Range handsomest range made, beautifully trimmed with nickel. Castings of velvet smoothness and easily kept clean. Guaranteed to be a perfect baker. The New Royal Acorn, base burner, as a double heater, has no equal for heating up stairs rooms. Every part of the Royal Acorn is as perfect as time, money and expert workmen can make it. Also a full line of Surface Burners and Wood Heating Stoves. Aluminum Oil Heaters, the only known metal that will not tarnish with heat. Absolutely free from smoke and odor, they are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

J. H. CODY,

housefurnisher and Undertaker.

22 to 30 Eagle St



BAB'S REFLECTIONS.

The Beauty and Value of the Chrysanthemum.
Pleasant Method of Paying Doctors' Bills In Sweden.

(Copyright, 1888, by I. A. Mallon.)

Just now, when chrysanthemums are in their ragged but great glory, nobody dreams of putting them in a jar or a glass or a fancy vase. Oh, dear, no! They must shine from a punch bowl. Their stems must be cut so that they fit in a careless, artistic way, for while the leaves are often taken from the flowers yet quite as often their foliage is framed all about them. The bowls most favored are those wonderful, deep, round ones of indiarubber—the quaint blue ones with the lovely ladies from Japan walking up ladders on their heads or coming down in a sideways fashion—fine cut glass bowls or, best of all, great big silver punch bowls. These glitter and seem to reflect almost like a mirror the white or yellow beauties that are the flowers of the season.

There is something dignified about chrysanthemums, not to wear, but to put about a room or to use to decorate a table. They have an odd way of standing up, as if they wished each visitor to realize that each one of them had a special dignity of her own, and she wanted you not only to realize it, but to feast upon it. The chrysanthemum, to my way of thinking, is a healthy looking flower. Even when it is a bit droopy, it simply droops its petals, permitting them to blow away, though they never curl up or manage to get an unpleasant odor, not they! They simply disappear into that famous innocuous desuetude, which is the one phrase that will carry one man down through posterity.

A girl I know has just come back from Sweden, and as she is a victim of hay fever she thinks of going to live there. The reason why? Because there the doctor never sends home a bill. But when you are cured you write out what you think the bill ought to be and forward the duca to him. If you have made a wonderful hit in wheat, if you have been made viceroy of India, if the president of all these United States has concluded that you are the proper person to be ambassador to England, if any good luck has come to you, then you write on a visiting card \$1,000 or \$5,000. I cannot imagine higher than \$10,000. But if you have had a hard time of it that year, if there have been a good many mouths to feed and they are tired of oatmeal, or if your oldest boy is beginning to see the charm of a dress suit and white kid gloves when he visits the young woman who is making a fool of him, why, then, after a long illness you send a modest card with your name written on it, and underneath it you put 50 cents or 75 cents or whatever seems suited to you, not to the doctor's good reputation, not to the doctor's ability, but perfectly adapted to that little pocketbook, which looks as if it had been in the circus and had been trod upon in a moment of airy persiflage by the largest elephant.

A thin pocketbook leads to desperation. If I wanted to make a woman a saint, if I wanted her to care for the poor, make the sick happy and well, give to those who are hungry and make the little children all as happy as happy could be, I'd make that woman rich, and then I'd teach her how to spend her money. Do you ever think that the rich people are, after all, extremely kind? The average wealthy girl gets hundreds of letters a day, most of them from frauds, and the one true request among them must be treated like the fakes or else we will have an anarchistic government, which means lack of repose entirely.

When I say repose, I mean it in a variable sense. Some people consider sleep repose, there are others who drown themselves in a good book and consider that repose, while there are still others who trot around from here to there and really haven't the remotest idea of what repose is. Repose, as it is used to be known, was dignity, and good dignity. There are only a few specimens of it to be found now. It is as rare as real old Sevres china and requires the same amount of care.

An elderly lady—she speaks of herself as elderly, although she is 80 years old—complains of the folly with which the girls of today talk. "Why," she said, "when I was young, it was considered vulgar to be proud, and the people who belonged to the real Knickerbocker circles, especially those who were very wealthy, were taught as soon as they could understand anything that it was extremely vulgar to make any display of their belongings or to talk about their possessions. Then, too, the old 'noblesse oblige' were taught very early that because they were that they were they must be generous, tender hearted and loving to everybody they met, but today the girls talk about the value of being rich, the advantage of having rich friends, what can be got out of Jack So-and-so and how much can be obtained from Mrs. Black Dandelion. To me it is horrifying. I could not tell you just what I think it is, but the women who sell their immortal souls—poor wretches—are no worse than those who see life in its hard and mercenary way and make no effort to find anything that is sweet, desirable, gentle or kindly in their behavior or in their thoughts."

"Whose fault?" That was asked of a great man, and, with a surprised look at the question, he said, "The mother's, of course." And we who looked at him wondered that the mother who thought she was doing right found, with a toss,

exactly in the way, he discovers that he has a soul; he learns that there is such a thing as a heart, usually from the kind servants in the kitchen, in which place he learns many other things that it is not so well for him to know. He hears divorce spoken of as if it were a jest, and he is surprised, since they squabble so much, that his "daddy" does not get a divorce from the "old lady," the beautiful names that he has learned at school from the other boys. Do you know, it seems to me that if there had been put into my care an immortal soul I would love it, but I would care for it almost in fear, for I should remember that while in those great commandments there is one which charges us to honor the father and mother we should also read it as demanding honor from the mother to the child.

Did you ever think that you have

I can see before me a beautiful child 5 years old. Her mother was like a picture, but, like most pictures, there was no heart in it. Her father was a scoundrel, and, seeing his wife's faults, he managed to cater to them without losing his own dignity. His pride protected him. But one day this baby of 5, looking like its beautiful mother and with the quickness of wit that belonged to its father, when asked where she had been all day, said, "Oh, I have been showing myself with the devil, but I am glad now that the good angel has come home!" That is the child of the century. Sometimes she conceals her feelings and lives a morbid life that makes her sarcastic when 12 years old and an unbeliever when she is 15. She is the girl who arranges her prayer books to match her gowns and thinks it bad form to go to a church with those who are not of blue blood. She

LADRONE WOMEN.

The Happy-go-lucky Creatures Who Flit Carelessly Through Life In Their Home In the Mid-Pacific.

(Copyright, 1888.)

The Islands of Thieves—that is what the name of our new possession in the south sea really means. It was the Spaniards who thus named them 279 years ago, when the fleet of Magellan

first, certain it is that the supply department of the Kingdon fleet suffered every time the Ladrone ladies came aboard to inspect the ship. Culinary articles of all sorts and shining bits of cutlery or tinware were looked away in the folds of the ladies' garments, while the male Ladrone limited their operations to heavier articles, such as axes, lances and the like. Now, going to housekeeping in a land such as that ought to be a very simple thing, but, unfortunately, there is nothing in the subsequent history or present manners of the people to show that they ever were pilferers, and the thievery of the Ladrone islands must be classed with other historical fictions of the early explorers, like El Dorado, the golden city, and De Leon's fountain of perpetual youth.

At the present day the women of the Ladrone are a cheerful, light hearted lot, beautiful in their youth, with their golden brown complexions, soft brown eyes and silky black hair. The matrons of the island, smiling, good natured and plump, have lost most of their beauty by middle age, but their general kindness of expression makes up for any loss in mere physical attractions of line and color. Simple, cheerful and hospitable, the home of the average Ladrone is like those of most natives of the tropics, little more than a thin wall and a palm thatched roof to keep out the rain. In the Ladrone it rains every day. Clothes spread out on grass plots to dry therefore seldom escape a second dampening about midday, a fact that does not in the least disturb the laundresses, as the rays of the sun are so warm that they are soon dried off and are indeed whiter than ever.

Most of the inhabitants wear few clothes, and so the weekly washings are not of such alarming proportions as one might imagine in so warm a climate.

The natives of the islands are the Chamorros, a people resembling the Philippine Islanders in many respects. The Caucasians who have visited the Ladrone have married and intermarried with the natives until the proportion of Chamorros is now very small.

The houses of the Spaniards are a little more elaborate than those of the Chamorros. A typical middle class dwelling is built with a thick stone wall on the ground floor, through which is cut the large entrance door. The rooms are unfloored, the earth being trampled hard. The first floor is about seven feet from the ground. Rude steps of hewn logs lead to it. The living room is on the first floor and is as a rule covered with rough hewn logs of mahogany. The end of the house has a gallery built outside beneath the overhanging roof, and it is there in the shade of the banana and pineapple or palm trees that the women of the household sit to do their sewing and to gossip. There is not much need to toil and spin in the Ladrone. A man who has four or five breadfruit or banana trees is comfortably provided with food for life, and a man with a grove of breadfruit trees is rich beyond the dreams of avarice—that is, according to the Ladrone standard. A few hours each day is sufficient to put the grove in a desirable state of cultivation. A house that will serve for a lifetime residence, provided the tropical storms do not wreck it, can be put up in half a day.

The receptions at the governor's mansion when friendly warships put into port were the leading social events of the islands. A dance, or a fandango, as it is called, is the merry-making of the common people.

The invitations for the dance are issued by word of mouth. The younger ladies appear at the festivity gowned in white and wearing flowers in their jet black hair. Both men and women lounge about the walls of the ballroom smoking cigarettes until the dance music begins. They are graceful dancers, somewhere in the background the host is presiding over a little room, in which wines and other liquid refreshments of a fervid quality are served to the men of the company.

The supper table is laid in a larger room and is provided with all manner of fruits, many cakes and cold meats. There are wine and cigarettes, too, and every one eating and often, the Spanish officers of the town were certain to be present if they got wind of the dance, for there is nothing that so charms one of these gallant warriors as the prospect of something good to drink and a dance with some pretty senorita. The village padre, too, drops in to beam benevolently on his flock and quaff a cup of wine with the host.

There are schools in the Ladrone under the auspices of the church, but they are not attended as they should be. The happy go lucky women of the islands allow the children to run wild until the energetic padre hunts up little Margherita and Carlos and demands their attendance in the catechism class preparatory to confirmation. Very few where their religion is concerned are the Ladrone, and even though the children may be unable to read or write they are all promptly, when of the proper age, made members of the church.

CAROLINE WETHERELL.

A POINT OF ETIQUETTE.

To ask for an invitation is never a pleasant thing to have to do, and many a young hostess who has a friend or friends staying with her finds a little difficulty in accepting or declining invitations, fearing that it might be considered impudent and unkind to leave her guests and yet not sure whether it would be correct for her to ask for an invitation for them. This is particularly the case when the friends are of the fair sex, ladies in the present day being so readily in the majority in point of numbers, and to ask for a thing that one feels almost sure will be refused is not, indeed cannot be, an agreeable duty.

Of course dinner invitations are never asked for, whether for lady or gentleman friends. This is an understood thing and holds good for dwellers in the country as well as in town. Few hostesses like to ask for an invitation to a small ball or dance for a lady, for she knows that ball gowns are obliged to combine their invitations to dinner, and have therefore to herden their hearts and refuse to exceed a certain number, knowing that if they did so their rooms would be overcrowded.

A lady may, however, without hesitation ask for an invitation for a gentleman friend, as dancing men are, as a rule, as much in the majority as ladies are in the majority, and the writer feels that there is not so much fear of a refusal. When writing to ask for an invitation, she should of course mention the names of the friends for whom she requests the invitation.

Some people think that they may take a friend with them to an "at home" without asking for an invitation for him or her. Sometimes no doubt, with intimate friends or relatives, this may be done, but it is wiser not to do it, for many hostesses are very particular about this matter and resent what they consider a liberty being taken with them even when done by relatives. It is therefore better in all cases to ask for an invitation for a friend. As a general rule, the request will be readily complied with, though sometimes a hostess writes to refuse on the score of small rooms and a large acquaintance.

In the country the exact opposite is generally the case. Rooms are larger and visiting lists smaller. Indeed in some neighborhoods the difficulty hostesses often labor under is having too few instead of too many dining guests, and she is therefore only too glad when her neighbors have pleasant people staying with them on these occasions, and a lady may without much fear of refusal write and ask for an invitation for a friend or even friends.

Should Children Be Whipped?

All children differ in temperament. Some are amenable to kind words, while nothing but the rod will have any effect upon others. Children who must be ruled by the rod are the exception. The majority of children will yield to kindness. To begin with, children must not always be punished for everything they do wrong. The world is new to them, and they have everything to learn. Never punish a child for a first offense. Watch carefully for an opportunity to correct him, but unless the offense is very bad do not reprove or correct him in the presence of strangers or friends. You must make up your mind to shut your eyes to half the mischievous things he does, but be on the alert to catch him in the act of actual wrongdoing.

For a first offense you must be all gentleness and very patient. Try to impress upon him that what he has done is very wrong and has displeased you. Talk kindly and firmly, but in as simple words as possible go over it two or three times and make the child thoroughly understand how much you feel hurt that he should have done wrong. Be sure you explain why it is wrong.

Never scold, nor be harsh, nor strike, however gently. Simply give the child as sweet and tender a lesson as possible by talking. This, if done properly, will be much more effective than a whipping. The offense may be repeated, but do not at once use the cane. It may have been an accident, and you must remember that a child cannot retain things as an adult can. He may have forgotten, so be patient a little while longer, though perhaps a little more severe and impressive. If this fails and the offense is repeated willfully, one must have recourse to the rod and rule the child by fear.

The Girls Every One Likes.

The most lovable girls in the world are those of sunny disposition. A few people like the quiet, thoughtful girl; others like the girl who is perpetually vivacious and bubbling over with spirits, but every one likes the girl with the cheery, sunny disposition. Girls of this character are never extravagantly boisterous or dully quiet. They have a pleasant smile for every one. They never seem troubled or worried. Their voice is low and musical, and their smile—their pretty or not—is always sweet. The only trouble that the sunny tempered girl has is the outcome of her popularity.

Everybody wants to talk to her and be in her company, and she is almost sure to have without effort, for her part, for her character shows itself so plainly in her actions that young men are delighted at the cheeriness and sympathy of her nature and are drawn to her at once. For every reason, then, the girl with the sunny disposition, who smiles away the troubles of life, is a favorite, and, what is more, old people are just as charmed by her as young.



HANDSOME OPERA CLOAK.

of her pretty head, that it was too much trouble to think about. Generalizing, most things are too much trouble to think about.

The eyebrow pencil or the light blue pencil to outline the delicate veins, the exact shade of rouge or just the clear, white powder that gives an ivory white look, all these are of importance, of great importance, but the smallest of the babies—well, it is a darling. It sits in the carriage beside its mamma, wearing its white cloth coat trimmed with ermine and its great white bonnet rich with little ermine tails and the high white ribbon bows until mamma and the baby make a lovely picture. Ten years from that time, when the baby is 13, an awkward age and de-

taken a heavy responsibility into your arms when you laugh and coo at the bundle of lace and mull, at the tiny face and funny little hands? Did you ever think that there is growing every day not only an immortal soul for which you must teach the value of sweetness and love? We laugh at this picture, you and I, but yet, when the oldest boy regards you with ingratitude, when the daughter neglects and makes a jest of you and when the other little ones find first amusement and then sarcasm in your pleasures, don't you feel a pain just where your heart is? Or have you so thoroughly hardened your heart that you laugh and count the children as bothersome and to be out of the way?

is the granddaughter of a lady, a lady who deprives herself of little luxuries that others might enjoy them, a lady who recognizes the value of caste, but who always has a bad word for those who serve her. One grows so very weary of the nouveaux riches. And yet they push themselves until they stand upon the steps of the house counted as of great glory. But will they even be allowed to open the gates of that Greater House where glory never ceases?

lay off the little group. The explorers, however, probably set the natives a lively example in larceny. From the Spanish accounts the ladies of the Ladrone were the first of the energetic army of shoplifters. Their depredations in the Ladrone, however, were considered quite good form and probably known under some such refined title as kleptomania. Thieving with them was, according to the virtuously scandalized Spaniard's story, reduced to one of the fine arts, an accomplishment without which no native belle would have considered her education complete. Whether the accomplishment was tried on each other by the native ladies or whether they were reserved for the spoliation of chance vis-

brought up in the coldest of our eastern states, Maine. Cold climates, too, have produced most of the good music we have. Italy is the only warm country that has done anything great for music, and Italy is supposed not only by Italy, at least by orchestra music and in folk song. In folk song not only Russia but Norway and Sweden are far ahead of Italy. The spirit of Norwegian folk music has been happily transplanted to our concert halls in the charming exotic compositions of

Greig, while Swedish song was made familiar to all the world by Jenny Lind and Christine Nilsson. Marie, queen of Portugal, is a doctor of medicine. She is the only woman of royal blood in the world who has achieved such distinction. Five years the queen devoted to the study of medicine. She had the ablest physicians in Portugal for instructors. Every movement of time which she could call her own was given to study.

Laura Codomo, the Italian poetess and author of "Nohant," died at Venice, at the age of 70 years a short time ago.

The bad game with which George Sand received Signora Codomo while she was visiting France called forth "Nohant," in which novel the author of "Consuelo" is laid open to ridicule.

Princess Louise of England sings comic songs very charmingly, but allows only her intimate friends to hear her.

It is said that there is one medical woman practicing in the west end of London who earns something like \$20,000 a year.

THE AFFAIRS OF WOMEN.

Miss Dorothea Klumpke, an American woman, has been placed at the head of the bureau of measurements at the Paris observatory. She is engaged in producing a huge photographic chart of the heavens and compiling a new stellar catalogue. She works six hours a day, or rather night, and receives 120 francs a month.

When Mrs. Curzon goes to reign in the court of Calcutta next December,

she will take with her only a half dozen servants from her English home, since she will be dependent upon Indian servants, who understand the ways of India as only natives of India can.

Probably the only female jockey in the world is riding in running races on the Pacific coast circuit. She is a Mrs. Bagwill, 24 years old, weight 101 pounds and resides at Carson City, Nev. At the recent Nevada state fair she won two

of her five mounts. Mrs. Bagwill wears the regulation jockey costume in races and rides astride.

A little surprise awaited two women who recently met in the office of a Chicago lawyer. They had never seen each other before, but one they left the office the discovery was made that each had called to begin proceedings to obtain a divorce from the same man.

A real society woman of England and Russia is about to visit New York and incidentally try her luck in vaudeville. Camille Dagmar-Dagmar is the new,

aspirant's name, and it has figured extensively in annals of the exclusive set abroad. Mme. Dagmar-Dagmar's offering is to be a French comedy, warranted strictly proper and refined.

The notion that great singers grow only in warm climates is flatly contradicted by the fact that cold Swedish produced Jenny Lind and Christine Nilsson, besides Sigrid Arnoldson and Marie Peterson, and that the two most eminent American prima donnas of our time, Mme. Nordica (Lillian Norton) and Emma Eames, were born and

Solid 14 kt Gold JEWELRY

Our stock of Broaches, Hat Pins, Scarf Pins, Cuff Pins, Baby Buttons, Sleeve Links, Necklaces, Pendants, Bracelets, Ladies' and Gent's Chains is now complete.

For Fall Business.

DICKINSON'S

Jeweler, Stationer, Art Dealer.

Our new stock of rings are sellers

The Burlingame & Darbys Co.

Many physicians are now prescribing White Pine Balsam and White Pine Balsam with Tar for coughs and colds.

We are putting up a first-class preparation of Compound White Pine Balsam and Compound White Pine Balsam with Tar. We know it is a good article, and we guarantee it to cure if used according to directions. If it does not cure, we will refund your money.

Only one size—large bottle of either for 25 cents. It is safe, pleasant and effective to take.

The Burlingame & Darbys Co.

Kearn's Cut Prices in Drugs We Undersell Them All.

Hood's Sarsaparilla,	67c.
Paine's Celery Compound,	73c.
Greene's Nervura,	73c.
Pinkham's Compound,	67c.
Castoria,	20c.
Mellen's Food,	52c.
Belladonna Plasters,	15c.
Syrup of Figs,	34c.
Extract of Malt,	19c.

All other Preparations at 10 and 20 per cent discount.
Kearn's Pharmacy, 39 Eagle St

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADLINE AT 10 CENTS PER LINE FOR 30 DAYS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 20 CENTS.

TO RENT:

A competent girl for general housework. Inquire at 100 North Main street.
A room in cottage and seven room flat. All modern improvements. Inquire James M. 100 North Main street.
Ground and four lots, also yard, corner High and West Main street. Apply at once. Inquire, 100 North Main street.
Desirable tenement, 6 rooms, all modern improvements. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Five room tenement, brick block, new, hot and cold water, center street. C. F. Harden. 100 North Main street.
Cottage 7 rooms and bath at 100 North Main street. Apply Mrs. Emma Billings, 100 North Main street.
Three rooms furnished or unfurnished housekeeping allowed. Inquire Mrs. Lewis, 100 North Main street.
Barn on Bank street. Inquire Harkshire National Bank.
Good new tenement with modern improvements, 23 Holbrook street. C. E. Winchell. 100 North Main street.
Nicely furnished rooms. 17 Bank street. 100 North Main street.
Steam heated tenement in Arnold place. Inquire 30 Bank street.
Furnish front room with bath, \$1.50 per week. 22 North Main street. 100 North Main street.
Desirable tenement, 60 Church street. 100 North Main street.
A desirable tenement corner of North and William street. Inquire at 100 North Main street.
Six room tenement, rear 15 Elm street. \$3 per month. Small family place. Inquire Mrs. 100 North Main street.
Furnished room to rent. 2 Ashland street. 100 North Main street.
Six room cottage, hot and cold water and bath, new and clean, rent cheap. Inquire H. 100 North Main street.
Four room tenement on Washington avenue. All modern improvements. Inquire at 100 North Main street.
Tenement for man and wife, 5 rooms, up stairs, one flight, for \$4 per month. Inquire at 27 Houghton street. 100 North Main street.
House—155 East Main street. Mrs. A. D. Miner. 100 North Main street.
Tenement suitable for small family at 160 South Main street. \$6.00 per month, upper belt. 100 North Main street.
Seven room cottage East Main street. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Two tenements, all modern improvements, hot and cold water, rent reasonable. Inquire Mrs. P. Ryan, 84 Union street. 100 North Main street.
Tenement suitable for small family. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Tenement steam heat, 11 Hall street. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Two pleasant rooms. Inquire at 25 East Main street. 100 North Main street.
A new modern tenement, with steam heat, B. 100 North Main street.
Tenement modern improvements. Mrs. F. P. Brown, 122 East Main street. 100 North Main street.
Nice tenement to rent, 19-21 Vassar street. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Furnished rooms, 16 Morris street. Inquire of Wm. H. Bennett, 2 Adams National Bank Building. 100 North Main street.
Four room flat, 100 North Main street. 100 North Main street.
Six room tenement, new, Central avenue, \$12.50 per month. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Eight room tenement, new, steam heat and electric lights. Inquire 100 North Main street.
Inquire Ralph M. Dowling's office, 121 Main street. 100 North Main street.
Desirable tenement on Glen avenue, H. A. 100 North Main street.

FOUND:

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A room in cottage and seven room flat. All modern improvements. Inquire James M. 100 North Main street.
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FOR SALE:

Something new in a grocery store. A 5c and 10c counter loaded down with a variety of goods in the grocery line. Big value at all. Cavanaugh's, 7 Main street. 100 North Main street.
Two cows. Apply George Phelps, South Main street. 100 North Main street.
Very desirable property either for rental purposes or as an investment. Situated on Ashland street just off Summer known as Mrs. David Hunter estate. Apply 20 Summer St. 100 North Main street.
A fine line of light, road and heavy wagons at D. B. Cook's, Maple street, Adams. Call and get prices. You will save money.
A great bargain. My home 80 West Main street. Possession given in one month. Henry A. Tower. 100 North Main street.

The undersigned has opened an office

No. 3 New Blackinton Block,

For the buying and selling of Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton for

Cash or on Margin,

With private telegraph wires to all markets.

E. McA. Learned
New Blackinton Block,

North Adams.

Central Block, Pittsfield. Gleason Block, Lee, Mass.

FOUND

Black dog on Florida mountain. Owner can have same by paying advertising charges. E. M. Hataway, Florida, Mass. w 133 31x

FOR SALE

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SACRIFICES
FURNITURE.

Cash or Installment.
A 14-Day Sale.

A chance to get bargains in second hand furniture, stoves, etc. See some of them.

New kitchen stoves and ranges, from \$18.00 to \$35.00
New parlor stoves, from \$2.50 to \$12.00
Second hand kitchen stoves, from \$3.00 to \$15.00
Second hand parlor stoves, from \$1.00 to \$8.00
New bedroom sets, from \$15.00 to \$35.00
Six-foot extension tables, \$3.50 to \$7.00
Dinner and iron bedsteads, \$3.25 to \$12.00
Linen shades, all colors, 15¢ each. Extension and women wire springs at \$2.00. Crochery at your own price.

Remember the place 55 Center St
Fishery Block, near Eagle St.
GREENBURGH & BOUGHARD

None Better..
Ladies and Gentlemen

Having secured the agency of Lewand's French dyeing and cleaning establishment, headquarters Boston and New York, we are prepared to dye, clean and press everything at lowest cash prices. We would like to do your work.

Cota's Tailoring Establishment

AND MILEAGE EXCHANGE,
3 Bank Street, opp. Post Office Block,
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Where you can save money on your railroad fares to almost any point in New England by mileage books.

Try it and be convinced.

SOCIALIST PLATFORM

Ten Lively Planks For Conduct of Municipal Campaign.

ABSOLUTE SELF GOVERNMENT

The Demand Made. City to Take Control of Everything and People to Decide All Questions. Ticket Not Yet Published.

The full platform of the socialist labor party for the city campaign has been made public, and is given below. A special meeting of the party is called for tonight, when the few names on the ticket as yet not fully settled will be decided upon. The platform follows:

The socialist labor party of North Adams, conforming to the demands of the national organization, and harmonizing with the economic emancipation movement of the world, where, by political and constitutional means, the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder is to be substituted by the co-operative commonwealth, and all means of production and distribution shall be owned and operated collectively by the people, we present the following declaration for the municipal campaign of 1938, and pledge its candidates, if elected, to do their utmost for their execution:

First—Absolute self government, abolition of the veto power of the mayor, all measures to be submitted to the people for their approval or disapproval, the people to have the right to initiate legislation by petition.

Second—No contract labor, all city work to be done directly by the municipality, without the intervention of contractors; that eight hours shall be constituted a legal work day, and that the minimum wage shall be \$2 per day; the city shall as far as possible furnish employment to those not employed, by establishing public works, and operate them under the control of the administration.

Third—That the city establish a city coal and wood yard, which shall supply the same to the people at cost.

Fourth—The establishment of public baths and reading rooms.

Fifth—The establishment of public halls and parks, where public meetings may be held without expense to the people.

Sixth—The acquisition by the city of all public utilities, such as street railways, electric lights, etc., the same to be operated by the employees of the municipal administration and that no employee shall be discharged for political reasons.

Seventh—That a garbage mill be established for the purpose of burning all the rubbish, etc., the same to be collected by the employees of the city.

Eighth—School education of all children under 16 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all, and assistance to poor children in meals, clothing, etc., when necessary.

Ninth—The city to take over the hospital and manage the same for the benefit of all the people of the city.

Tenth—The repeal or amendment of all state or municipal laws which conflict with the above.

Last Day of Street Sprinkling.

This is the last day of street sprinkling for this city, under the arrangements that have been made by Mr. Con for the irrigation of the streets for the season. The contracts were made for sprinkling up to the first day of November, and he therefore announces that the sprinkling done today will have to last for the rest of the winter. Hereafter when the wind blows, Main street will assume its cheerful aspect of last spring before the work was begun.

Thanksgiving Day Basket Ball.

An effort is being made to arrange for Thanksgiving morning a basket ball match which shall include two games, one between the Independent club team and the Hunters team, and one between the Drury team and a team to be formed to oppose it. The games would be played in Odd Fellows' hall, and it is thought would prove a most successful Thanksgiving day attraction. The three teams mentioned are already practically formed, and only a few players are needed.

A fine line of light, road and heavy wagons at D. B. Cook's, Maple street, Adams. Call and get prices. You will save money.

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AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Vermont Young Woman's Suit in Local Courts Upheld on Question of Residence.

An important decision was received yesterday by Clerk of Courts Cande in the case of Alena H. Davis against John O. Carpenter. Both the parties are young people who live in Whitingham, Vt., near neighbors, the girl being 18 and the young man 23. The girl gave birth to a child, which she claimed Carpenter to be the father of, and he admitted that fact through his counsel. Carpenter left Vermont and came to Massachusetts, and soon after, the girl having relatives in Clarksburg, also came to this state, as she declared, with the intention of residing here, although she admitted that by advice of her counsel she also intended thereby to bring an action for bastardy.

Within a few hours after her arrival she had her complaint made in district court of this city. In the meantime her father was taken sick in Vermont. She went home to attend him, and while there her child was born. When the trial came in the superior court last October before Judge Lilly, Lawyer E. L. Greene of Greenfield entered a plea in abatement, on the ground that she was not a resident of Massachusetts and that the court had no jurisdiction. There were no decisions covering the question and the issue has been awaited with interest. The girl's counsel, Niles & Chase, claimed that having been emancipated by her father, she could elect a residence here in Massachusetts. That was practically the only issue, and the decision of the court fixes the paternity of the girl's child and also of her legal residence.

The court says that "the second plea was not in abatement or in bar. The plaintiff at the time of making the complaint was living in this commonwealth and intending to continue to live here; and without deciding whether her domicile has been changed, that living here is a sufficient residence to enable the plaintiff to maintain the action, so far as residence is necessary. No error of law appears in the admission or exclusion of evidence. The respondent has no right to go to the jury on the questions which he, without objection, had submitted to the judge, on the plea in bar." The young man had lived in Franklin county and is the son of a wealthy Vermont farmer.

Caught Bees and Honey in a Trap.

Some time ago Wallace Van Horn of Williamstown set a box trap on a wood lot belonging to A. G. Parker & Son on Mason hill in Pownal, Vt. Visiting his trap Friday he found he had trapped a large swarm of bees and also about 20 pounds of honey. Mr. Van Horn will realize more from his unusual find than he would had he caught some wild animal.

The Weather of October.

Last month was not as pleasant as October, 1897, there being 17 fair days against 22 last year, and 8.04 inches of rain against 1.55 last year. The average temperature was 50.69 degrees against 49.51 last year. The warmest was 80 and the coldest 32 degrees. Last year the coldest was 24. There were only three nights when the thermometer reached 32, but in 1897 there were nine. Ground froze very much more in 1897 than this year.

A Great Coon Dog.

For a coon dog with a record the one owned by Timothy and Daniel Scully of this city, is undoubtedly the prize winner for this part of the country. His name is "Old Jack," and he made a record of 64 coons in 1896, 33 in 1897, and 48 so far this season.

For the past week Joseph Grogan of Adams has had the dog. He has hunted with him and captured 14 coons. T. Scully, John Kay and Charles Brundie of this city and Mr. Grogan of Adams hunted on Greylock mountain Saturday night and got five coons, three of which are now on exhibition at Scully's saloon on State street. One of the animals was taken alive.

Messrs. Scully purchased the dog when he was a pup. He was bred for coon hunting and was easily trained. As high as \$50 has been offered for him. His owners also have three promising pups.

Low Infant Death Rate.

Dr. S. W. Abbott, secretary of the state board of health, recently read a paper before the quarterly meeting of the state associations of boards of health, in which he dealt with infant mortality in the cities of Massachusetts. He gave some interesting statistics on the death rate under one year in this city from 1887 to 1890. This rate was 15.1. In Pittsfield it was 14.8; in Holyoke, 16.01; in Northampton, 15.7; in Fitchburg, 13.4; and in Fall River, 23.7. Newton was lowest with 11.9, and this city was among the best in the state. Dr. Abbott called attention to the fact that the mortality from cholera infantum, one of the chief factors of the death rate with children under one year, bears a direct relation to the rate for married women employed away from their homes. In several smaller towns, Webster, Ware, Adams and Milbury, in which cotton manufacturing is conducted, and which have a considerable tenement-house population, there is a high rate of infant mortality.

The G. A. R. Fair.

The second night of the Grand Army fair had a good attendance last evening. The door prize was a bag of flour. Every admission ticket has a coupon which is kept by the purchaser and a door prize will be drawn each evening. The remaining door prizes are as follows: Tonight, ton of coal; Wednesday, order of Stockwell & Roxton for \$5 worth of meat; Thursday, set of Dickens works; Friday, a table; Saturday, a picture.

There are various tables where ice cream, fancy goods, aprons, etc., are sold. The loan exhibit of war relics is of much interest and there will be plenty to take the attention of all. Tomorrow evening a chicken supper will be served from 5 to 7 o'clock by the Women's Relief corps, the price being 25 cents. The dancing proved a feature and was much enjoyed by the young people. The price of dancing badges is 15 cents. The fair has been a success for the benefit of the Grand Army Benevolent association and should be well patronized.

The special attraction this evening will be the production of a farce called "A box of monkeys."

FINED FOR SELLING CIGARETS.

Small Boys Who Had Taken Keel Cure Not Needed as Witnesses.

Seleman Joseph, who was charged in district court several mornings ago with selling cigarettes to minors, was fined \$10 for the offense in court this morning. The four small boys who had said they bought cigarettes of him were present to testify, but they were not needed, as Joseph retracted his plea of not guilty, and pleaded guilty. The four boys who were to testify against him were reinforced by two pigny companions, whom Joseph secured, his purpose being, his lawyer said afterwards, to break down the testimony of their companions. After court these two asserted that they used to smoke cigarettes, but had "taken de Keely cure," and were now free from the destructive habit.

This is the first case for some time in which a doctor has been called to answer to this charge, and it is thought that the fine will serve to make dealers less ready to sell to boys under age. The fine was imposed on one of the charges, and the three others were placed on file.

The case against Irving Phillips for cruelty to animals in overdriving a horse, was tried, and the evidence going to show that he had been a reckless but not cruel driver, he was discharged on that affair, but fined \$10 for drunkenness.

Michael Bishop for a case of wilful trespass which has been before the court since September, was placed on probation for three months. Adolphus Cardinal, who broke the terms of his probation, was allowed to go by having his case continued, on the request of his employer.

Opening of Evening Schools.

The evening schools opened Monday evening with a good attendance, which it is expected will be increased later. Four rooms were in use at Drury. At the Houghton school 89 pupils were present and there are 40 or 50 more enrolled. Superintendent Hall thinks more rooms will have to be opened at Drury and the Houghton school. There was a good attendance at Braytonville and Greylock and the prospects are good for a very successful term.

Death of Mrs. Walker.

Eunice A., wife of Gilbert Walker, died this morning at her home, 214 River street, aged 50 years. Her death was caused by a complication of diseases with which she had suffered for a long time. Mrs. Walker was a native of Williamstown, but had lived in this city for many years and as respected by all who knew her. She leaves besides her husband two sons, Albert and Harry Walker, both of this city. The funeral will be held in the Baptist church parlors Thursday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Spencer officiating, and the burial will be in Hillside cemetery.

Sutty-Vannotti Wedding.

A quiet wedding took place at Notre Dame parsonage this morning when Miss Victoria Sutty of this city was married to Angelo Vannotti of Lee. Frank Sutty, brother of the bride, was best man and Mrs. M. A. Coster of Shelburne Falls, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. The bride is well known in this city, having assisted her brother in his business here for the past three years. They left this city and went to the groom's home in Lee, where a reception will be held. The groom has purchased a well assumed management of a confectionary business.

Married at Easthampton.

The following notice of local interest appeared in the Easthampton column of the Northampton Gazette, mention of the wedding having been made in this paper.

Miss Dolly Bergman, daughter of Jacob Bergman of this town, and Oswald Kluegel of North Adams were joined in wedlock at the home of the bride on Briggs street early Wednesday evening. The ceremony took place in the pleasant front room, under a canopy of evergreens and maple leaves, in the presence of a company of guests that filled the house to overflowing. Probably 150 were present. The Rev. Franz Weller, pastor of the German Lutheran church, officiated. The bridesmaid was Miss Rosa Rabb a cousin of the bride, and the best man was the bride's brother, Lawrence Bergman. The bride was attired in white cashmere and the bridesmaid in white muslin. Each carried white roses. Following the ceremony the guests were treated to a very enjoyable reception at German hall. The presents are numerous and valuable. They include a dinner set from the young ladies' society of the German church, two nice rockers, toilet set, silver and china ware and many other articles. Mr. and Mrs. Kluegel will leave Saturday for their future home in North Adams, where Mr. Kluegel, who is a decorator by trade, is employed in his brother's trunk and satchel factory.

BLACKINTON.

Catholic services were held this morning at Temperance hall in Blackinton and the Church of the Holy Family at Greylock.

A business meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. will be held this evening at the close of the regular prayer meeting.

George W. Ashton has been engaged as assistant to M. W. Thomas, who will be principal of the night school to be opened at Greylock.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Whitehouse of Cohoes were guests for a short time Monday of Daniel Eadie and family. Mr. Whitehouse is treasurer of the Star knitting mills of Cohoes, N.Y., and is a successful young business man.

The Father Mathew society are meeting with flattering success in arranging for their autumn festival to be held on November 14, 15, 16 and 17. Several fancy and useful articles have been given and will be disposed of during the festival. A first-class entertainment will be given each evening to be followed by dancing to music furnished by the Premier orchestra. Season tickets are 25 cents and the member selling the largest number will be presented with a gold temperance badge.

If you have been sick you will find Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine you can take to give you appetite and strength.

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ENAMELED WARE SALE PRICE ONLY.

TEA POTS 19c. COFFEE POTS 23c. BASKETS 10c.
TEA KETTLES 36c. PRESERVING KETTLES 22c.
LIP SAUCE PANS 17c. PIECED SAUCE PANS 16c.
OBLONG BAKERS OR ROASTERS 22c.

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